

# VICTORY—AND PEACE

## RIGHTS OF MANKIND SERVED AFTER FOUR YEARS OF STRUGGLING

(By The Associated Press.)

Victory—and peace.

After more than four years of struggling the rights of mankind are served. The greatest day in the history of nations has dawned. The German militaristic classes—arrogant beyond expression—are in defeat.

Kaiser and crown prince are in flight — refugees in an alien country. Germanic kings and potentates no longer hold their sway.

The allied arms are triumphant. Imperialistic Germany has met the fate that ultimately must come to any country that seeks to rule the world.

Deserted by all her allies, Germany, on her knees is accepting terms of capitulation which amount virtually to abject surrender. Except for actual hostile military invasion the once great European power the ambition of the monarch of which was to dominate over all, is in complete defeat.

### Armies Shall Retire Into Home Land

Beaten on the field of battle the edict of the allied chief command is that the German armies shall retire into their own home land from all invaded territory. Impotent as the German armies shall be also as impotent shall be the German fleet. Colonies are lost and the hand that sought to reach out and attain additional territory is withered by the ruling of the supreme war council at Versailles.

Reparation and restitution, in fact, full compensation of all kinds is to be made by Germany for all the disaster that has followed her armies and those of her allies throughout the world war.

The hand writing was on the wall for Germany. Her troops had fought valiantly through the more than four years of warfare. But what had been considered in Germany an invincible army was beaten in feats of arms by the allied powers. Even before Germany's allies deserted her the strength of the entente allies had become apparent. Unprepared they had resisted for more than three years the assaults of an enemy who had been preparing for combat since the Franco-Prussian war.

With a determination that could never recognize defeat, Belgium, France, Italy and Serbia were overrun. Hard days were experienced by the allies, but the smile of hopefulness—of satisfaction in ultimate success—never faded. When finally the United States was drawn into the war by Germany's continued violations of international law and of the precepts of humanity, the gleam of the dawn of victory for world democracy rose in the sky.

### Germans Were Fast Defeated

On the field of battle in France and Belgium the Germans were fast being defeated when they flew the white flag of submission and asked for terms of peace. Everywhere from the Belgian coast to the Moselle river the allies were pressing them. It was only a matter of time when their armies were to be decisively beaten on the battlefield.

Their great fortified lines of resistance had crumbled successively under the impetuous attacks of their foes. They were being harried everywhere from pillar to post. Even the great Rhine fortifications, it was foreseen would prove no barrier to the onward rush of the victorious armies. Hence Germany, deserted by her allies, recognized that defeat stared her in the fact and capitulated.

For Germany as a nation—shorn of her imperialistic and militaristic powers—the defeat may not prove in the long run of disadvantage. Already the revolutions throughout the country are tending toward democratization which may prove the salvation of a country once controlled by war lords.

### Fighting Severe Until End

Fighting on the battle fronts ended at 6 o'clock Monday morning, eastern time in the United States. The armies of the allied forces at that time—even to the second—were hard harrying the enemy.

The British troops were fighting their foes across the Belgian frontier in Belgium. The French had all but cleared the Germans from northern France. The Americans were driving northward up the Meuse and Moselle rivers threatening the enemy with capitulation by envelopment.

The hostilities ended on the eleventh hour, of the eleventh day of the eleventh month of 1918. The American infantry in true sportsmanlike fashion kept the time. Their eyes were on their wrist watches as they advanced up the Meuse and Moselle sectors in the fear that they would fire a shot after the stipulated time for the cessation of hostilities arrived. Not one whit less exact in their sportsmanship were the American artillerymen behind the lines, who waited to the second the time for the calling off of the fighting and then loosed from their big guns a thousand of them, a rain of shells as a parting salute to the defeated foe.

## Armistice Terms Made Public By the President

The president spoke as follows:

"Gentlemen of the congress: "In these anxious times of rapid and stupendous change it will in some degree lighten my sense of responsibility to perform in person the duty of communicating to you some of the larger circumstances of the situation with which it is necessary to deal."

"The German authorities who have at the invitation of the supreme war council been in communication with Marshal Foch have accepted and signed the terms of an armistice which he was authorized and instructed to communicate to them. Those terms are as follows:

### Terms of Armistice

Military clauses on western front:

One—Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after signature of the armistice.

Two—Immediate evacuation of invaded countries: Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left the above mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the allied and United States forces jointly will keep pace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

Three—Repatriation beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

Four—Surrender in good condition by the German armies of the following equipment: Five thousand guns (two thousand five hundred heavy, two thousand five hundred light); thirty thousand machine guns; three thousand minenwerfers; two thousand aeroplanes (fighters, bombers—firstly D Seventy-three's and night bombing machines). The above to be delivered in situ to the allies and the United States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

Five—Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities under the control of the allied and United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by allied and United States garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at these points in thirty kilometer radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and a line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gernsheim and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers from the east of stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhineland shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all nineteen days after the signature of the armistice. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

Here the president interrupted his reading to remark that there evidently had been an error in transmission, as the arithmetic was very bad. The "further period" of 11 days is in addition to the 14 days allowed for evacuation of invaded countries making twenty-five days given the Germans to get entirely clear of the Rhineland.

Orderly Evacuation Six—In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipment not removed during the periods fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impaired in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Roads and means

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## PREPARATIONS FOR FINAL PEACE WILL KEEP OFFICIALS BUSY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Preparations for final peace negotiations will engross American and allied statesmen during the next few weeks while Marshal Foch and the naval commanders see to it that the terms of the armistice which ended the fighting today are carried out. Thirty days is the armistice period and since it hardly will be possible to assemble the greatest peace conference in history within that time an extension practically is certain to be granted by the victors and accepted by the vanquished. What happens in Germany, in what was Austria-Hungary and in Russia during the meantime probably will govern the solution of many of the complex problems awaiting the conference. Absorbed in the celebration of the German surrender, the officials today were unwilling to even discuss for publication the next steps to be taken to secure the fruits of victory and make future wars at least on so vast a scale impossible. But in a general way what is to be expected already is known. The various utterances of President Wilson and the premiers and public men of the entente countries all have been carefully studied by those who must plan the next steps and at one time or another these spokesmen have touched upon nearly every idea that might be properly included in the treaties. This is particularly true of President Wilson's declarations which represent not only the ideas of the American government, but from their almost unqualified acceptance by the entente powers may be regarded as already constituting the framework which can be clothed with the details necessary to round out a complete fabric of peace conventions.

This framework will be put in final shape by discussion among the chiefs of the victorious powers long before the representatives of the vanquished are called in to accept or plead for modification of what is to be dictated to them.

### President's Hopes Come True

When President Wilson concluded his exchange of notes with Prince Max, then chancellor, administration officials declared that if his course did not bring about what they hoped would be more than an unconditional surrender it might bring about a revolution in Germany.

Pointing today to the Hohenzollern dynasty dethroned and exiled, the people's revolution sweeping Germany and the terms of the armistice these officials felt their predictions amply fulfilled.

Having lifted the yoke of militarism from the people of the central empires, the allies now turn to tasks of humanity and mercy to bind up their wounds and feed the hungry, meanwhile seeking to guide them to a place in the family of nations from which they can take a part in assuring that another 1,500 days of blood and horror need never come again.

Evacuation, reparation and restitution are the keystones of the armistice. Here are the principal things Germany must do, or powerless before the victorious allied armies will have them done for her:

Immediate evacuation of Alsace-Lorraine, Belgium, Luxembourg, Russia and Roumania without further destruction or harm to inhabitants.

Then, occupation by American and allied troops of all the countries on the west bank of the Rhine.

Then further, creation of a neutral zone in a strip of territory on the east bank of the Rhine thirty kilometers (about twenty miles) wide extending from Holland half way down to the Swiss border and twenty kilometers wide for the remainder.

### Occupancy Rhine Towns

Meanwhile as a guaranty of good faith the occupation by American and allied troops of Mayence, Coblenz and Cologne, the principal crossings of the Rhine with a thirty kilometer radius about the bridgeheads. On the eastern front all German troops are to be withdrawn from territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Roumania or Turkey. Then the German war machine must disarm. The principal portions of its navy must be handed over, arms, munitions and engines of war numbered by the thousands are to be taken from the army. American and allied prisoners are at once to be repatriated without reciprocal action by the associated governments and the thousands of wretched civilians drag off into slavery from the invaded territories are to be returned. The provision for compensating the occupied territories for the havoc wrought by the invaders is contained in a simple sentence—reparation for damage done.

### Must Abandon Old Treaties

As a step to restoring the map lines, the treaties of Brest-Litovsk which laid Russia prone and of Bucharest, which plundered Roumania must be abandoned. Money, securities, precious metals and other valuables looted from the invaded countries must be returned in trust to the allies until the conclusion of peace.

### In the West the Railways of Alsace-Lorraine, the valuable stores

of iron and coal, all the stores and supplies in Belgium with arms and armament must be handed over.

In the east the Black Sea ports must be evacuated, the warships taken by Germany from the Russians must be surrendered, in the Baltic forts and defenses barring the way at the Categat must be delivered and there must be free access to the sea for the allies.

The allied blockade is to remain unchanged. Meanwhile German merchant ships are to be delivered for missions of mercy in carrying food to the starving, all shipping held by the Germans to be released without any obligation to restore to Germany her ships now in the hands of the associated governments. Germany is to notify the neutrals that they are free to trade with the associated governments without molestation. In a word the ironing is tightened and at her borders the civilized world waits while Germany reforms herself from within.

### Duration of Armistice 30 Days

The duration of the armistice is thirty days and various periods are specified within those thirty days for compliance with certain specific terms.

One provision of the armistice which was supplementary to the text as first drawn by the supreme war council and, therefore, does not appear in the text as President Wilson's declaration.

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## END OF GREAT WAR CELEBRATED THROUGHT LAND

### Chicago Turned Topsy-Turvy—New York Delirious

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Chicago turned topsy turvy in the wildest celebration in its history today. The delirium of joy which greeted the real news of the war's grand finale began at 1:55 o'clock this morning and steadily increased as the day wore on. With the first tooting of the whistles the crowds began to pour from the clamor of church bells and the shrieking of sirens spread the glad tidings to all parts of the city, parades were formed to ward "the loc."

By 8 o'clock it was a crowd by 10 it was a throng. By noon it was a mob beating dish pans, blowing horns, waving flags, shrieking, jeering and weeping. Business was abandoned. Factories, stores, banks, offices, and schools closed. Police reserves called from all districts only smiled.

The sun which rose on a scene of incoherent tumult set with the noise and crowds still increasing. Earlier in the day an appeal to the police to close the saloons had been refused as it was found that there was no such authority for this action.

Seven persons were killed and a score or more injured during the day's demonstrations. All of the fatalities and injuries reported were due to accident—the reckless firing of weapons or automobile speeders.

### Gotham celebrates

New York, Nov. 11.—Eighteen hours after the glad tidings of peace had flashed thru the gray dawn to a grimly waiting nation, New York began to strike its celebration stride.

Skeptical at first, then half persuaded and finally convinced that it was true, the city found no flies in the ointment of its joy. This time there was no mistake. No one had blundered and the news was news.

At least a million of New York's citizenry knew what it has meant to be ruled by the whim of an imperial master and to them the kaiser fled from the righteous wrath of a once deluded but now awakened people was a symbol

of the millennium. To the other nations the magic words "cease firing" meant many things but all of them superlatively wonderful. In consequence the premature celebration of three days ago seemed only a dress rehearsal.

There were celebrations in all quarters of New York tonight but all equally heartfelt. Those in the foreign quarters perhaps were the most picturesque. Red fire burned everywhere and every known device for making noise was at a premium.

### Riotous Scenes

Newport News, Va., Nov. 11.—Riotous scenes attended the celebration here tonight of peace. Thousands of soldiers and sailors took possession of the city, wrecking street cars, raiding restaurants, breaking plate glass windows and building bonfires in the streets from smashed delivery wagons and other wreckage. No casualties were reported.

## Officials Hope To Lighten the Revenue Bill

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Peace today threw into relief the question of whether the tax burden planned in the pending revenue bill can be lightened, in view of prospective reduction of expenditures. Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee; Chairman Kitchin of the house ways and means committee and Secretary McAdoo discussed the problem but reached no conclusion. Mr. McAdoo said he would undertake an immediate survey of the government's tentative plans for return of the army from abroad, for curtailing war orders and other phases of war-to-peace convention and make recommendations within a few days.

The uncertainty of future financial needs and the urgent need of pushing the revenue legislation to completion at an early date constitute the principal reasons prompting many congressional leaders, both Democrats and Republicans today to advocate that the bill not be changed to reduce the revenue to any great extent. Already the senate has revised it so that the income is estimated at about \$6,250,000,000, instead of the eight billions provided by the house draft. Treasury officials also pointed out that a large inflow of taxes will reduce the volume of war bonds which must be floated in the spring.

## ALL ARMY DRAFT CALLS ARE CANCELLED

### Under Which 300,000 Men Had Been Ordered to Camps

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Almost the first action of the war department today after the announcement of the signing of the armistice with Germany was the cancellation of all army draft calls under which more than 300,000 men had been ordered to entrain for camps before November 30.

Urgent telegrams, prepared three days ago at the direction of Provost Marshal General Crowder were sent to all local draft boards directing that the movement of 252,000 men under orders to entrain between today and Friday be stopped immediately. Telegrams reached most of the boards n time but a few men are known to have started for camp.

Secretary Baker said that wherever possible their immediate return to civil life would be arranged. "I have suspended further calls under the draft and inductions," Mr. Baker said. "These will be for the present no additional men brought in under the draft and to the extent that we can, we will turn back those men who have not reached training camps."

The provost marshal general's office had no estimate of the number entrained before the canceling order was issued.

### Men Honorably Discharged.

All men assembled for entraining are to be considered as honorably discharged from the army and paid accordingly. Until further notice no inductions or calls except for the navy and marine corps will be permitted. One call for a few thousand men for the navy is now in preparation, but volunteers to date have more than filled the requirements of the navy and marine corps. Since August, 1917, when the first calls were issued under the army draft 2,700,000 men have been inducted into the army. Practically all physically qualified men

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## SAFE FOR DEMOCRACY

Monday must have been a day of great satisfaction to Woodrow Wilson, president of the U. S., for all the points for which he has contended as the spokesman for this, the greatest nation in the world, have been included in the terms of the armistice. The president was thus able to send out to his fellow countrymen the message that every point for which the United States took up arms has been accomplished and the world indeed is to be safe for democracy.

## THE DIFFERENCE

A resident of the city, after reading a bulletin in the Journal window recently, exclaimed, "To h—l with the Germans." As he spoke the words he walked down the street. A moment later he returned and addressing the crowd said: "Men, I didn't mean that, but what I mean is to h—l with the kaiser."

This little incident well illustrates the general spirit of Americans. They do not for the most part feel special personal grievance against the German people themselves. It is against the war lords that the feeling is directed. Americans believe that for the most part Germans are very much like the people of other countries and they know that the maelstrom of war came, not because the people desired it, but because the kaiser and his associates so decreed.

## A GLAD DAY FOR MOTHERS

Soldiers at the cantonments, who after months of training are released into civil life, instead of being sent overseas, will for the most part be vastly disappointed. They wanted peace but they also wanted to have some active part in bringing about the condition. While these men at the camps will to some extent rebel, there is not a single mother, wife or sister to whom the peace message brought anything but gladness of heart and thankfulness of spirit. They all wanted "their soldiers" to make a brave showing in the fight but they also wanted "their soldiers" returned safely to them. Now the battle has been fought and won. Democracy and liberty have been saved. "Their soldiers" are unharmed. So the sun was never quite so bright, the sky so blue nor the landscape so fair to look upon.

## ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE AND SPIRIT

The success of The Associated Press, the greatest news agency in the world, is based upon truth and loyalty. This news gathering organization has thru all the years made it a matter of primal importance to know about the truth of the statements it sends to its vast membership of newspapers. If at any time it is necessary, speed is sacrificed rather than to take the chance of a misstatement.

So thru the years as a natural result of this policy The Associated Press statements have come to be looked upon as entirely reliable. If the great majority of readers see a telegraphic statement in a newspaper under The Associated Press caption they feel justified in accepting that statement as the truth. The Associated Press does not deal in sensations unless they are founded on fact. It has no use for yellow journalism. Its function is to gather all the news of the world in the shortest possible time and to report that news thru its membership in a truthful and correct way.

One of the very first lessons that an employee of The Associated Press learns is that he must get the facts. Lurid reporting is not desired but many Associated Press reporters and correspondents swing pens that are of surpassing eloquence. Some of the war statements and resumes which will live longest have come from Associated Press staff men, equipped with wonderful powers of expression for the presentation of important facts.

The second element of Associated Press prestige is the

loyalty of its workers. The papers that have Associated Press franchises belong to one great family. It is not a money-making organization but all news is gathered and distributed to the members at the cost of the service. So there is a certain comradeship among Associated Press newspaper members, and the very same spirit dominates all the employees and co-workers. Each man who "works" for The Associated Press feels that he is an important part of the great whole. He is ready to give lavishly of his time and thought and to make any personal sacrifice that the prestige of The Associated Press may be maintained.

This devotion does not go unappreciated or unrewarded, for the management of the organization realizes just what that loyalty means and that it is that spirit which has in large measure made possible its achievements. So the members of The Associated Press and all the workers reach a common footing and the success of one is the success of all.

The managers use the word "we" in its true sense whenever they refer to what The Associated Press has done or expects to do. And the honor of achievement rests equally upon the officers, members and employees. In this connection the Jacksonville Journal Co. desires to express its appreciation of the splendid faithfulness and efficiency of Walter DeShara, who for eight years has been the Associated Press operator in the Journal office. During this period of years, with the true Associated Press spirit, Mr. DeShara has made himself an essential member of the organization. If he owned every share of stock of the company he could not be any more interested in the welfare of the paper or the business. It was due to his unflinching loyalty and personal sacrifice that the news of the signing of the armistice came to Jacksonville in the early hours of Monday morning with such promptness.

For nearly three days Mr. DeShara had been within the hearing of his telegraph instrument or had arrangements with the operator at Springfield where he could be reached at almost a moment's notice. Sleepless hours and nervous strain meant nothing to him, just if he was sure to be "on the job" as the greatest news that the wires have carried in many a decade was flashed when he could hear. His long vigil was rewarded at 1:45 o'clock Monday morning and so he had the personal gratification of first receiving the authentic news of peace in Jacksonville, just as he had received, more than a year ago, the first news of the declaration of war thru the act of congress.

## "THE BOYS" ARE COMING HOME

"Sweet peace, the gift of God's love." That is the language of a long time favorite hymn and to thousands of people in Morgan county there came yesterday a new meaning for those words. Never in all the world was a more momentous message received in this county than that which came early Monday morning of the signing of the armistice by Germany and the accompanying statement that this action meant peace and a cessation of hostilities in the greatest war that the world has ever known.

As the first shot of the War of the Rebellion, that which was fired upon Fort Sumpter, was heard around the world, so that same message belted the earth. It is safe to say that the scenes in Jacksonville were duplicated all over the civilized world—that the prayers of thankfulness uttered in this city ascended in like manner to the heavenly throne from all parts of God's footstool.

In Jacksonville there were scenes never before witnessed and which never will be again. Following the first knowledge of the end of the war, after the whistles and the bells had clanged, hundreds of people marched thru the streets and with music and noise gave expression to their feelings. At least three impromptu parades were formed in Jacksonville between 2 and 6 p. m. There were three or four others before noon and in the afternoon came a parade the like of which has never been seen before in this city. That parade was to move at 2:30 o'clock but an hour before the music was heard and the marching began. Thru the business district the people went as individuals and in organizations. Then they tramped thru residence districts and for two hours they made visible expression of their feelings, and of that gladness of heart that had brightened every face and given joyousness to every voice.

Children, young people, men and women in middle life, the aged were all there. They tramped about thru the streets with the same fire and enthusiasm. To onlookers there came the thought of how much peace really meant to the children in that line. For to them, without understanding, victory meant more than to those of mature years. Onlookers, too, thought of how that parade stood out in contrast with others which have happened in Jacksonville during the past months, organized in honor of departing soldiers. There was a solemnity about yesterday's parade but not of the kind that marked events on the days just mentioned.

Then the line of march was faced by people all feeling the stress and sadness of the moment, many with tear-stained faces, waving farewell, as they feared for the last time, to those near and dear to them. But yesterday all this was changed. If there were tears they came because of the welling up of joyousness and because of thankful hearts that the time of danger had passed and the knowledge that those who had marched away into unknown distances of army service are now certain to return.

It may be weeks, it may be many months before they return. But the mothers and fathers, the sisters and brothers, the sweethearts, the children, were all gladdened by that thought that "the boys" are coming home.

Yes, it was a great celebration of a wonderful event. It is great to have lived at such a time, in such an epoch of the world's history. Those who are young can look back upon that day as the most wonderful in all their lives and men and women whose locks have been whitened by the flight of time can turn the recent pages of memory, think of the glory and inspiration of the day and with it gain something of that peace of mind "that passeth all understanding."

Here in the United States, a great offering of thanksgiving went heavenward when the peace message came. How much greater—how much more heart-felt—must have been the thanksgiving offering of the nations of Europe, who during the past four years have suffered sorrow and starvation, heartache and pain in a way that this country can little understand.

America has given her thousands of lives in winning this war which is to give to all people liberty, while other belligerent nations have given millions. Great cemeteries where soldiers sleep dot the landscape of Europe. The hospitals today are filled with wounded men and in thousands and thousands of homes there is weeping along with the joyousness of peace because of that father, or son, or brother who can nevermore come back to share in the glorious accomplishment of this war—to have part in those benefits for humanity for which they willingly laid down their lives.

Then, too, in this country we have no devastation of homes and churches, no upturned forests, no mutilated vineyards and farm lands. Those are the scenes which the eye rests upon today in France and Belgium and other European countries—scenes which will be constant reminders of the awfulness of war thru decades yet to come. Here, with a country in its full vigor, with a nation which tho it had thrown its great strength into the balance, had just begun to fight, we look out upon peaceful valleys and hills. Here is the hum of industry, the smoking factory

chimney, the well-filled larder and the comfortably clothed family.

In peace and plenty we are today—yes, even greater than at the beginning of the war. So now there is no wonder that a great spirit of gratitude has settled upon the people of the United States—or rather has come upon them as they thought on these things and have come to realize that this, indeed, is the most fortunate nation in the world for it has filled its destiny of so joining its forces with the allies that the war for democracy and human liberty has been won and yet the nation is almost unscathed.

Rippling Rhymes  
By Walt Mason

## GOOD FOR US

The rain is falling as I write, the cold November rain; it is a black and cheerless night, and comes on my tin roof light, and make a noise insane. The rain is pelted, pelted down, I hear it splash and beat; and I'm unwise to wear a frown and rend my spangled dressing gown—this rain will help the wheat. All things unpleasant do us good, so all the sages say; instead of using steaks for food we ought to make a stew of wood, or boil some prairie hay. To teeter in a chair and rock is pleasant, I must say; but all the doctors come and knock and say we ought to go and walk a hundred miles a day. If there is something we despise, that is the stuff we need; we hate to sweat the silly flies, but in that ask our safety lies, so runs the health board's creed. We all are liable to ills which make us pale and thin, while we pay the doctors' bills we know there's nothing to their pills unless they taste like sin. Sometimes I think that life's a fake, a rather sorry jest; my spirit feels a throbbing ache, for everything I ought to take is something I detest. The rain is streaming down the door, like water gone to seed; it grieves my heart, it makes me sore, and, since it is a beastly bore, I know it's what we need.

## THIS DATE IN HISTORY

November 12, 1861—Cairo, Illinois. The Steamer "Ingomar" came up from Columbus with a cargo of troops, bringing eighty wounded prisoners. All the wounded confederates in our hands were sent back the day after battle.

Men's Rain Proof Overcoats, latest R. & W. styles, are shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

## DISTRESSING ACCIDENT

It is unfortunate that a day of almost delirious rejoicing should have been marred in any way and when we regard the magnitude of the celebration it is perhaps fortunate that so little damage was done but what was done was needless. Several persons used loaded gun cartridges which was wholly imprudent. One load caused the Illinois Telephone company much trouble and expense and one young lady is lying crippled by a bad gunshot wound. Immediately after the speaking in central park Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Erickson were walking westward across the square and immediately behind them were their daughter and two daughters of A. A. Dyer, 1018 West Lafayette avenue.

As the young ladies were passing by the island light, Miss Luciah Dyer suddenly felt a pain in her left leg and investigation showed a bullet from some careless handler of firearms had penetrated the member about half way between the knee and hip. She was helped to the office first of Dr. Frank and later to Dr. Chapin who made an x-ray examination and located the ball just under the skin in opposite side of the leg from the place at which it struck and it was easily removed by Dr. Duncan who had been summoned. The ball was conical shaped and split down the middle; was about 22 caliber. It seemed to the writer that it must have been a glancing or ricochet shot judging from the way the ball was split and the fact that it did not penetrate thru the leg. As the young lady was able to walk with assistance it would seem that the bone was not injured tho that is not certain. She showed great heroism during the treatment and removal of the bullet and at last accounts was resting as easily as could be expected.

Tom Wye Knit Coats, very late, see them at FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

HAVE GIVING SPIRIT AT ILLINOIS COLLEGE

At Illinois college yesterday morning a very enthusiastic war work campaign meeting was held when the college boys and girls went away over the top and translated a \$1500 quota into a subscription of \$3300. Mr. O'Hagan offered as a prize to the student making the largest subscription a dart which had been dropped by a German aeroplane on a battlefield in France. The prize went to Miss Clara Russell. All the subscriptions were made in half an hour and the students vied with each other in their enthusiasm and interest. Of the total sum of \$3300 the portion given by the boys of the S. A. T. C. was \$1800. The students are still adding to the fund.

Tom Wye Knit Coats, very late, see them at FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

## FOR TRAINING CAMP

Wallace T. Hembrough, who made application for admission to the officers' training camp in California, was recently recommended for admission.

LADIES' FURS! FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

## DEATHS

## Taylor.

Alfred Beverly Taylor died at the family home, 800 Ashland avenue at 7:15 o'clock Sunday evening of pneumonia after a brief illness. Deceased was the son of Wilbur and Bertha Proctor Taylor and was born April 30, 1913. Besides her parents she is survived by the following brothers and sisters, Clara, Floyd, Gerald and Vivian, all at home. Funeral services will be held at Jacksonville cemetery Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

## Mitchell.

Richard H. Mitchell died at his home, four miles north of Alexander at 8:25 o'clock Sunday evening. Deceased was born in Cass county February 17, 1892. He was united in marriage to Miss Leona Blanch Sturgeon of Winchester January 9, 1912. His widow survives together with two children, Richard Herbert Mitchell and Carmen M. Mitchell. He also leaves four brothers, T. B. Mitchell and Frances E. Mitchell of Meredosia, Albert L. Mitchell and A. E. Mitchell of Alexander, and one sister, Mrs. W. M. Bennett of Alexander.

Mr. Mitchell was a farmer by occupation and was a man highly regarded in his home community. Funeral services will be held at Glasgow cemetery in Scott county this morning at 10 o'clock.

## Sample.

George W. Sample passed away at 5:30 a. m. Sunday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Terrence Brennan, 202 Kentucky street.

Mr. Sample was born in Morgan county, January 23, 1856 and spent his entire life in this county, and thirty years in the city. He was well known, having been a prominent stock buyer for many years. He was a man of integrity and well respected by all who knew him.

He was married to Miss Ellen Spahnower, Jan. 23, 1878. He is survived by his wife, one daughter, Mrs. Terrence Brennan, and one grandchild; two daughters, Mrs. A. J. Spires and Miss Irene preceded him in death. He leaves also one sister, Mrs. Isaac Wood of this city, and two brothers, Samuel of Dallas, Texas, and Grandison of Greenwood, Mo.

Funeral services will be conducted at the residence of his daughter at 9 o'clock this morning in charge of Rev. Fr. Cahill and interment will be in Diamond Grove cemetery.

## Haynes.

Mrs. Elizabeth Leah Haynes of Roodhouse died at 8:30 o'clock Monday evening of pneumonia after a brief illness.

Deceased was the daughter of John and Mary Collins Kennedy and was born in Manchester January 30, 1888. She was united in marriage to Enoch Haynes at Lincoln, Neb., March 3, 1904. Her husband is now in the military service in France.

Besides her husband, she is survived by her parents and the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. O. O. Story, Edward Kennedy, Roodhouse; Andrew Kennedy, Wichita, Kans.; Lois and Elizabeth Kennedy, St. Louis; William and Sadie Kennedy, Oklahoma.

Mrs. Haynes had been employed as a nurse at Jacksonville State Hospital and was one of the institution's most valued employees. She was of a kindly disposition and efficient in her work and held the high regard of her fellow employees.

The remains were removed to Gillham's undertaking parlors and prepared for burial. They will be shipped to Murrayville this morning at 10:15 o'clock where funeral services will be held and interment made.

## LADIES' FURS!

FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

## Social Events

George W. Van Zandt Celebrated Birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Van Zandt celebrated Mr. Van Zandt's 84th birthday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. J. H. Campbell of South Clay avenue Monday. George Washington is a civil war veteran and was a warm supporter of the allies in their fight against Berlin. But he is glad the armistice has been signed and the war is over. The occasion proved one of great pleasure for Mr. and Mrs. Van Zandt.

## AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

At 4:30 yesterday afternoon Miss Lucy Coover, daughter of P. V. Coover, was driving east near the northwest corner of the square with her mother and grandmother in the car. Just as she neared the corner of Central park, W. H. Naylor was coming east in his car. He had quite a load of children, and, according to the statement of the young lady, ran into her car. The front wheel of the Coover car was smashed, the radiator damaged and the front axle bent. Mr. Naylor's car was also considerably damaged. He was arrested by Patrolman Kennedy and was in the city prison for three hours. Mr. Naylor claims that he was not to blame and protested vigorously because he was placed in a cell after he had expressed a willingness to pay a fine.

L. F. O'Donnell

228 West State St.

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Wasco Garage HeatersAlso the best device known  
for removing carbon and  
saving gasFor the Soldier Boys  
Locketts, Photo Cases  
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Low Set Stone Rings

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and Amethyst. All heavy mount-  
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Military Watches

of Guaranteed Grade and Workman-  
ship, Square, Round and  
Cushion StylesBASSETT'S JEWELRY  
STORE

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WHILE THEY LAST

\$4.50

We are offering for this week only, a delayed shipment of men's shoes, consisting of all styles and sizes. These SHOES, if bought on today's market, would have to bring a much higher price, but we are going to offer

them at the bargain price of only \$4.50  
Our Guarantee Goes with Every Pair of These  
Shoes. Get Your Pair Tomorrow.

Edwin Smart Shoe Co.

PURIANA  
Pig ChowThe one really scientific Hog Feed—it's  
guaranteed—use it and you will fairly  
SEE your pigs growing.

Special Prices in Ton Lots

Cain Mills

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Because so Many  
have been unable to  
come in, owing to the  
influenza epidemicWe Shall  
Continue This Week  
Our \$28  
Suit and Overcoat  
SaleYou will not have another op-  
portunity such as this in a long  
time. Don't fail to take advan-  
tage of it.The materials are all wool and  
your garments will be made up  
in our usual good style and  
manner.COME IN THE FIRST  
CHANCE YOU HAVEJacksonville  
Tailoring Co.All Work Done in Our Own Shop By  
Skilled Union Help

233 East State St. Ill. Phone 941

## ARMISTICE TERMS MADE PUBLIC BY PRESIDENT WILSON

(Continued from Page 1.)

of communication of every kind, railroads, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraphs, telephones, shall be in no manner impaired. Seven—All civil and military personnel at present employed on

them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, fifty thousand wagons and ten thousand motor lorries in good working order with all necessary spare parts and fittings shall be delivered to the associated powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period, together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and material for the upkeep of permanent signals and repair shops left entire in situ and kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the allies shall be restored to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.



**BELL'S**  
FOR INDIGESTION

## CANDY

The candy you like is ready for you—that delicious "HOMEMADE" kind, in almost endless variety. It pleases every member of the family.

The Peacock Inn  
"The Place to Dine"  
Bell 382 Ill. 1040  
South Side Square

## Tractor Demonstration

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 13TH

See the Case Tractor in operation at Mittendorf farm two miles east of Jacksonville on the Morton road. The Case helps make farming both easier and more profitable.

**CHARLES M. STRAWN,**  
Jacksonville, Ill. **Alexander, Ill.**  
Agent Case Tractors, Republic Tires, Studebaker  
Automobiles

## Silverware

Unusual assortments, including the latest patterns in Silverware for the table are now on display

With the approach of Thanksgiving your attention naturally centers upon proper appointments for the dinner table. To meet such requirements we are offering special buying inducements on Knives, Forks, Spoons of all kinds, Salad Forks, Pastry Sets, Bread Boards and Bread Knives, Berry Spoons, Soup, Cream and Gravy Ladles and Carvers of all kinds.

Why not make one of your Christmas gifts something in Silverware for the table? We urge you to do your gift buying as early as possible this year.

## Schram & Buhrman

27 South Side Square Both Phones  
We Make a Specialty of Perfect Diamonds

## Filbert Brittle

only

40c

This is one of the daintiest of our "Homemade" candies—it makes a hit every time. Don't miss getting a pound tonight.

## Our Line of Homemade Candies

we believe is unexcelled anywhere. You may find candy in greater quantities, but nowhere will you find it purer, fresher, or in greater variety. Give us a call.

## Mullenix & Hamilton

216 East State St. CONFECTIONERS Either phone 70

Must Destroy All Mines  
Eight—The German command shall be responsible for revealing all mines or dikes acting fuses disposed on territory evacuated by the German troops and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all destructive measures (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

Nine—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation in the Rhineland (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German government.

An immediate repatriation without reciprocity, according to detailed conditions which shall be fixed of all allied and United States prisoners of war. The allied powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

Eleven—Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

Disposition relative to the eastern frontiers of Germany:  
Twelve—All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

Evacuate At Once  
Thirteen—Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructors, prisoners and civilians as well as military agents, now on the territory of Russia (as defined before 1914) to be recalled.

Fourteen—German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking with a view to obtaining supplies intended for Germany in Rumania and Russia (as defined on August 1, 1914.)

Fifteen—Abandonment of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk and of the supplementary treaties.

Sixteen—The allies shall have free access to the territories evacuated by the Germans on their eastern frontier either through Danzig or by the Vistula in order to convey supplies to the populations of these territories or for any other purpose.

Clause concerning East Africa:  
Seventeen—Unconditional capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

General clauses:  
Eighteen—Repatriation without reciprocity within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed of all civilians interned or deported who may be citizens of other allied or associated states than those mentioned in clause three, paragraph nineteen with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the allies and the United States of America remain unaffected.

Financial Conditions:  
Nineteen—The following financial conditions are required: Reparation for damage done. While such armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the allies for the recovery or reparation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposit in the national bank of Belgium, and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, to

## Photos As Gifts

We can't impress upon you too strongly the necessity for arranging sittings now.

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and  
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gether with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the allies until the signature of peace.

Naval conditions:  
Twenty—Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the allied and associated powers, all questions of neutral being waived.

Twenty-one—All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of war of the allied and associated powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

Twenty-two—Surrender to the allies and the United States of America one hundred and sixty German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine laying submarines) with their complete armament and equipment in ports which will be specified by the allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the allied powers and the United States of America.

Must Disarm Ships  
Twenty-three—Following German surface warships which shall be designated by the allies and the United States of America shall forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports, or for the want of them, in allied ports, to be designated by the allies and the United States of America and placed under the surveillance of the allies and the United States of America. Only care takers being left on board, namely: Six battle cruisers, ten battle ships, eight light cruisers, including two mine layers, fifty destroyers of the most modern type. All other surface warships (including river craft) are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the allies and the United States of America and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet, (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.) are to be disarmed.

Twenty-four—The allies and the United States of America shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters, and the positions of these are to be indicated.

Twenty-five—Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marines of the allied and associated powers.

Twenty-six—The existing blockade conditions set up by the allied and associated powers are to remain unchanged and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture.

Allies Take Over Naval Bases  
Twenty-seven—All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and immobilized in German bases to be specified by the allies and the United States of America.

Twenty-eight—In evacuating the Belgian coasts and ports, Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, tugs, lighters, cranes and all other harbor materials, materials intended for use in aircraft and all materials and stores, all arms and armaments, and all stores and apparatus of all kinds.

Must Evacuate Black Sea Ports  
Twenty-nine—All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the allies and the United States of America; all neutral merchant vessels seized are to be released; all war-like and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in clause twenty-eight are to be abandoned.

Thirty—All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the allies and associated powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

Thirty-one—No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

Thirty-two—The German government will notify the neutral governments of the world, and particularly the governments of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland that all restrictions placed on the trading of their vessels with the allied and associated countries, whether by the German government or by private German interests and whether in return for specific concessions such as the export of ship building materials or not are immediately cancelled.

Duration of armistice:  
Thirty-four—The duration of the armistice is to be thirty days, with option to extend. During this period, on failure of execution of any of the above clauses, the armistice may be denounced by one of the contracting parties on 48 hours' previous notice.

Time limit for reply:  
Thirty-five—This armistice to be accepted or refused by Germany with 72 hours of notification.

President Wilson Concludes  
President Wilson then said:

The war thus comes to an end; for, having accepted these terms of armistice, it will be impossible for the German command to renew it.

It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great consummation. We know that this tragical war whose consuming flames swept from one nation to another until all the world was on fire, is at an end and that it was the privilege of our own people to enter it at its most critical juncture in such fashion and in such force as to contribute in a way of which we are all deeply proud, to the great result. We know, too, that the object of the war is attained, the object upon which all free men had set their hearts; and attained with a sweeping completeness which even now we do not realize. Armed Imperialism such as the men con- quered who were but yesterday the masters of Germany is at an end, its illicit ambitions engulfed in black disaster. Who will now seek to revive it? The arbitrary power of the military caste of Germany which once could be secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world is discredited and destroyed. And there is no longer a power that has been accomplished. The great nations which associated themselves to destroy it had now definitely united in the common purpose to set up such a peace as will satisfy the longing of the whole world for disinterested justice, embodied in settlements which are based upon something much better and much more lasting than the selfish competitive interests of powerful states. There is no longer a power that to the objects the victors have in mind. They have a mind in the matter, not only, but a heart also. Their avowed and concerted purpose is to satisfy and protect the weak as well as to accord their just rights to the strong.

Humanity Well Cared For  
The humane temper and intention of the victorious governments has already been manifested in a very practical way. Their representatives in the supreme war council of Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the peoples of the central empires that everything that is possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want that is in so many places threatening their very lives; and steps are to be taken immediately to organize these efforts at relief in the same systematic manner that they were organized in the case of Belgium. By the use of the idle tonnage of the central empires it ought presently to be possible to lift the fear of utter misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energies free for the great and hazardous tasks of political reconstruction.

For with the fall of the ancient governments which rested like an incubus upon the peoples of the central empires has come political change not merely, but revolution; and revolution which seems as yet to assume no final and ordered form, but to run from one fluid change to another, until thoughtful men are forced to ask themselves, with what governments, and of what sort, are we about to deal in the making of the covenants of peace. With what authority will they meet us and with what assurance that their authority will abide securely the international arrangements into which we are about to enter? There is here matter for no small anxiety and misgiving. When peace is made, upon whose promises and engagements besides our own is it to rest?

"Let us be perfectly frank with ourselves and admit that these questions cannot be satisfactorily answered now or at once. But the moral is not that there is little hope of an early answer that will suffice. It is only that we must be patient and helpful and mindful above all of the great hope and confidence that lie at heart of what is taking place. Ex- horts accomplish nothing. Un- happy Russia has furnished abundant recent proof of that. Disorder immediately defeats itself. If excesses should occur, if disorder should for a time raise its head, a sober second thought will follow and a day of constructive action if we help and do not hinder.

Permanent Conquests  
The present and all that it holds belongs to these nations and the peoples who preserve their self control and the orderly processes of their governments; the future to those who prove themselves the true friends of mankind. To conquer with arms is to make only a temporary conquest; to conquer the world by earning its esteem is to make permanent conquest. I am confident that the nations that have learned the discipline of freedom and that have settled with self possession to its odd practice are now about to make conquest of the world by the sheer power of example and of friendly helpfulness. The peoples who have but just come out from under the yoke of arbitrary government and who are now coming at last into their freedom will never find the treasures of liberty they are in search of if they look for them by the light of the torch. They will find that every pathway that is stained with the blood of their own brothers leads to the wilderness not to the seat of their hope. They are now face to face with their initial tests. We must hold the light steady until they find themselves. And in the meantime if it be possible we must accomplish a peace that will justly define their place among the nations, remove all fear of their neighbors and of their former masters and enable them to live in security and contentment until they have set their own affairs in order. I for one do not doubt their purpose or their capacity. There are some happy signs that they know and will choose the way of self-control and peace accommodation, if

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One-half Price  
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## One Half Price Hat Sale



ALWAYS CASH!

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We put on sale at once and continue until our present stock is entirely cleaned out—nothing reserved—every hat, trimmed and untrimmed, black or colored. Your choice of 300 or more high grade hats at

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Here is How You Now Save

\$15.00 Hats	.....	\$7.50
\$12.00 Hats	.....	\$6.00
\$10.00 Hats	.....	\$5.00
\$ 8.00 Hats	.....	\$4.00
\$ 5.00 Hats	.....	\$2.50

We trim any shape hat you may choose to please you.

Special Prices on Tam O'Shanter for misses and school children.

Do you want a WINTER COAT for lady, Miss or child? Come here, let us make you a special price.

## STORAGE

This is the time of year when you begin to look about for automobile and vehicle storage. We call your attention to our building.

## Dry and Safe Rates Reasonable

We have ample room, in a building that is ideal for the purpose. Call or phone.

## Cherry's Livery

Either Phone 850

## Vanniers

Mexican Beans, while they last at 5c lb.  
New crop English Walnuts, just received at 35c lb.  
New crop Soft Shell Almonds, just received, at 30c lb.  
Quaker Corn Flakes at 8c box—less than wholesale cost and only a limited quantity left. Lay in your supply before they are all gone.

Earl's "All O' The Wheat" Flour in 10 lb. paper bags at \$1.00 each.  
Just received a few barrels New Orleans Molasses at \$1.25 per gallon. Bring your containers and have them filled as the syrup market is very low.  
Our shipment of Haviland is in and marked. Come in and make your selection before it is all gone.

**Vannier China & Coffee House**

## Thanksgiving

## Are you ready

See our line of

Roasters-Caring Sets-Knives

Percolators-Baking Dishes

Full line of Triple-Plated Spoons, Knives and Forks. Odd pieces and children's sets.



# PREPARATIONS FOR FINAL PEACE WILL KEEP OFFICIALS BUSY

(Continued from page one.)

dent Wilson delivered it was inserted after the German revolutionaries took possession of the German fleet. It provides that if the fleet is not delivered as specified in the agreement the associated governments may occupy the Helgoland fortress as an advanced base to secure possession of it. And now having clipped the military autonomy of its fangs the associated governments will wait for the next thirty days while the terms of the armistice are being carried out to see what sort of a government in Germany they will have to deal with. In his address to congress today the president sounded a note of warning that unless the German people are fed, unless their distress is relieved there is danger of Bolshevism. The question of what sort of government might arise to make peace, he declared, was a matter of no small anxiety and misgiving. An assemblage of senators and representatives with cabinet officers, supreme court justices and crowded galleries heard the president read the terms of the armistice and deliver his address in the hall of the house where nineteen months ago war was declared on Germany.

## WILSON DRIVES DOWN PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—In the midst of Washington's peace celebration tonight President Wilson drove down Pennsylvania avenue thru throngs of shouting merry-makers. He was recognized by few.

When the president was returning up Pennsylvania avenue to the white house the great throng of merry-makers recognized him and gave him a tumultuous reception.

**"November Breakfasts" POST TOASTIES**  
(MADE OF CORN)  
Baby  
Save Sugar and Wheat

# OFFICIALS HOPE TO LIGHTEN REVENUE BILL

(Continued from Page 1.)

Demand for immediate steps to cut down expenditures now is coming strongly from both parties in congress. Senators Borah and Smoot, Republicans in addresses in the senate today, urged immediate curtailment of vast government expenditures and said Democratic Leader Harding would have difficulty in carrying out his recently announced economy program unless the public is informed on details of all expenditures.

Senator Martin will find there will be a hundred reasons advanced for maintaining and extending existing bureaus," said Senator Borah. "One thing congress never has been able to do is to abolish an office or a department."

Senator Smoot said the time has come for the senate to point out how the saving can be brought about. He urged immediate curtailment of Washington war bureaus some of which he said have as many as 10,000 employees.

## IN GERMAN PRISON CAMPS

Washington, Nov. 12.—Among the officers and enlisted men held prisoners in German prison camps as announced tonight by the war department appear the following:

Lieutenant Eugene R. Scroggie 1233 34th street, Des Moines, Iowa and Thomas C. Coleman of Thornton, Indiana, at Camp Bartholme.

Privates Earl Dickerson, Havana, Ill., and Charles R. Benson, Riverside, Ill., at Camp Rastatt.

## CITY COUNCIL SESSION ADJOURNED

The city council held only a formal session Monday morning. The city clerk called roll which showed that Mayor Rodgers and Members Widnayer and Vasconcellos were present. It was determined that an adjournment should be taken in honor of the great peace day and this action was taken before any business had been transacted.

## COURT TERM BEGINS

Judge E. S. Smith came from Springfield yesterday to begin the business of the November term of the Morgan county circuit court. Because of health conditions it had been decided to have no general docket cases for this week and as it happened the work of the court was somewhat further interfered with by the peace demonstration. However, the grand jury, organized and begun its work, Judge Smith adjourned court until Tuesday morning.

# BLUFFS BOY MAKES SUPREME SACRIFICE

Charley Brooks Killed in Action—Had Been Reported Missing—Lawrence Bailey Died at Home of Parents.

Bluffs, Nov. 11.—Official word has been received by the family that Charley Brooks, reported missing in action since Sept. 26, was killed in action on that date. This is the first boy from Bluffs to die on foreign fields for the cause of freedom.

**Obituary.** Private Charley Bennett Brooks was born in Slaughter, Ky., June 1st, 1893, and made the supreme sacrifice somewhere on the firing line in France, September 26th, aged 25 years, three months and 19 days. Prior to coming to Bluffs to make his home with his sister, Mrs. B. G. Frazer he was engaged in the occupation of farming.

The life of a soldier appealed to Charley and he had made three attempts to enlist in the army before he was finally accepted at the recruiting office in Springfield, July 31st, 1917, and was sent to Houston, Texas for training where he remained until April 21, 1918 when he was sent to New Jersey where he with his company, E, 131st infantry, was sent overseas and was landed somewhere in France. On July 4th, 1918 he with his company went over the top and he wrote home that he had experienced the thrill of his life and the grandest 4th he had ever witnessed. Since that time he has been in action service. Charles has gone, but the cause for which he died lives on in splendor grand. Deceased leaves to mourn his death, his aged parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Brooks, Slaughter, Ky., one brother, Crow Brooks, Evansville, Ind., two sisters, Mrs. B. G. Frazer, Bluffs, and Mrs. B. Brooks, Madisonville, Ky.

Lawrence Bailey, the 11 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Bailey died at his home six miles northwest of Bluffs after an illness of a few days of influenza followed by pneumonia. Besides his parents, he is survived the following brothers and sisters, Clayton, Ralph, George, Mrs. Theodore Boes, Mrs. William Krusa, Louise and Anna. Funeral services will be held at the Greene cemetery Tuesday but the final arrangements have not been completed at this time. One brother and one sister have preceded him in death. All of the members of the family except the mother and one brother have been ill from the epidemic.

Mrs. P. J. Prindel and daughter, Vivian, arrived from Quincy Saturday to visit with her cousin, Mrs. B. G. Frazer and family. Leslie Christy of Paris, Ill., a former Bluffs boy, who enlisted in the aviation corps, has been promoted to Second Lieutenant. Lester is a bright boy and his friends here rejoice in his promotion.

## WINCHESTER

Winchester, Nov. 11.—The people of Winchester and Scott county celebrated the coming of peace in a fitting manner. The first demonstration was in the high school when all the grades parade at 3 o'clock. The program included all kinds of patriotic songs in the park. Tonight at 7 o'clock seemingly all of Scott county turned out. Men, women and children marched, there were selections from the band and addresses by Rev. Father Bell, Rev. C. W. Caseley, and Hon. John A. McKean. The parade was a very brilliant affair, lights of various colors being used to illuminate the line of march. At the close of the program came the burning of the kaiser in effigy. Mrs. Alonzo Dill marched in the parade carrying a drum which had been used by her husband for four years during the Civil War. He was a member of the 129th regiment.

Rev. F. M. Crabtree of White Hall was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bluford McClure Monday.

Mrs. Bertha Reuttschke arrived Saturday night from White Hall to visit her mother, Mrs. Julia Bismarck.

Herbert Richards of Jacksonville is visiting at the home of his uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dill.

Friends here have received word that Dr. Water Kennedy, who has been serving as captain, has been promoted and is now a major in the medical reserve corps. He has arrived safely overseas and is at base hospital No. 106, A. E. F.

M. A. Henderson is confined to his home by illness.

# JOHN DAVIS DIED AT MEREDOSIA

Passed Away After Lingerin Illness—Former Resident Died in Granite City.

Meredosia, Nov. 11.—John Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Yeake of Metredosia, died at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon after a long illness. The deceased was born in Meredisia in 1885 and is survived by his wife, four small sons and his parents. He leaves also four brothers, Otto, Marion, Frank and Carl Yeake of Meredisia; three sisters, Miss Ester Yeake and Mrs. Minnie Leferer, Meredisia; Mrs. Rose Tibbs of Florida. The death of the deceased seems the sadder because it followed so closely that of his sister, Mr. Davis was a man who stood well in Meredisia community and many will hear of his death with regret.

No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

## Mrs. Jordan Dies.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Wegehoff of Meredisia received word Sunday of the death of Mr. Wegehoff's sister, Mrs. Frank Jerden, who died at her home in Granite City as the result of influenza which developed into pneumonia. The deceased prior to her death was Miss Nellie Wegehoff and was born in Meredisia, Feb. 29, 1888. She was married in that town July 4, 1918 and is survived by her husband and four children: Elmer, Fred, Marjorie and Virginia. She leaves also her father and one brother, L. H. Wegehoff, in addition to the following sisters: Mrs. Minnie Skinner and Mrs. Lena Orr, Meredisia; Mrs. Nellie Freeland, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Emma Saegesser of Brushy, Kans. She leaves also another brother, Charles, who is now with the American forces in France.

The funeral will be held at Granite City Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Wegehoff have gone to that city to attend the funeral.

# UNANIMOUS APPROVAL OF ARMISTICE TERMS

Voiced By Members of Congress—Unconditional Surrender Was the Interpretation of Senators.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Unanimous approval of the armistice terms imposed on Germany was voiced today by members of congress.

Unconditional surrender was the interpretation of most senators and representatives although some expressed disappointment that demobilization of the German armies was not required. Sentiment for punishment of those responsible for murders and other atrocities also was voiced.

President Wilson suggested in his address in forming congress of the armistice terms that the victorious nations extend aid to the peoples of the central powers in their efforts for self-government and to prevent them from further suffering for want of food and other necessities of life also was commended.

Vice President Marshall said: "The president's address set a high water mark in the annals of the justice of English-speaking peoples and of all the allies. For the future justice must lead and not follow success."

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania said: "I assume that the armistice terms are practically in effect to bring Germany's unconditional surrender and to disarm her so that she could not renew the war if Germany wanted to."

Speaker Clark:

**Come to Headquarters for Men's Articles SOLDIER'S KITS**  
Razors, Blades, Soaps, Toilet Waters, Brushes, TRENCH MIRRORS  
We do grinding—Shears, Razors and Clippers

**H. B. JAEGER**  
Barber Supply Co.  
222 South Main Street  
Ill. Phone 785

## NOISY BUT ORDERLY CROWD.

The good order which prevailed yesterday was the cause of frequent comment. Thousands upon thousands of people were upon the streets. There was continuous of noisy demonstration but there were not the signs of lawlessness which so frequently accompany general demonstrations. There were few, indeed, persons who showed any evidence of drunkenness and while it was a great noisy, seething crowd, it was one which respected personal rights and those of property.

## ARRIVED ON GREAT DAY

Only second in interest to the peace news at least no far as several families are concerned, was the message received yesterday by Charon W. Taylor of Grove street. It came from Mr. and Mrs. Ira J. Underwood, Tulsa, Okla. and announced the arrival of Jean McNair Underwood at their home. The child's mother before her marriage was Miss Marten. Taylor of this city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Taylor.

Start now to figure on what you will give to the United War Work campaign.

# ALL ARMY DRAFT CALLS CANCELLED

(Continued from Page 1)

between the ages of 21 and 31 who were placed in Class 1 are now in the service. The men who were to have moved to camp this month were on the new registrants enrolled Sept. 12. Many of the men who were under orders to move this week were originally directed to entrain in October, but their movement was held up because of the epidemic of influenza in the army camps last month.

General Crowder announced that registrants whose induction orders are canceled or who are discharged after their entrainment for camps will revert to the status existing at the time of the original order was issued, this to include resumption of their order and serial number.

It was specifically announced that nothing in the cancellation of the calls shall operate to relieve from the consequences of his acts any registrant who has heretofore become delinquent or deserter. By order of Mr. Baker Provost Marshal General Crowder today directed local and district boards to continue to completion as expeditiously as possible the classification of all registrants who on September 12 had attained their nineteenth and had not attained their thirty birthday. The boards also were directed at the earliest appropriate moment to issue questionnaires to all 18 year-old youths who registered September 12 and to complete their classification of men who on Sept. 12 had attained their thirty seventh birthday and had not attained their forty-sixth birthday.

"In entering," said Mr. Baker's order to General Crowder, "upon what seems in view of the mighty events of the day, to be the final work of this character to be done by the selective service system I extend to the members of that system my personal congratulations upon their truly great achievements of the past year and a half. Achievements that have taxed to the utmost the time, the ability, and the endurance of all those engaged in the work and that have furnished the army to which in large measure must be given the credit for saving to the world both civilization and government by the people. To you members of that system must come a sense of duty well done with a loyalty, patriotism and devotion such as yours can bring. The country and the world knows that it owes to you a debt of thanks and gratitude which cannot be measured by words but only by the affection the respect and the esteem now yours, of those among whom you live and from who you have taken that which was beyond price."

In transmitting Secretary Baker's order to the state draft executives and local and district boards General Crowder added his personal congratulations upon their truly great achievements of the past year and a half.

## NEW LOAN TO FRANCE

Washington, Nov. 11.—The government's policy of continuing financial assistance to the allies until their needs are over or peace was actually signed was emphasized tonight by a treasury announcement that a new credit of \$80,000,000 has been granted to France. This brought the aggregate loans by the United States to that nation to \$2,440,000,000 and the total to all allies to \$7,812,976,666.

## FEEBLE AGED WOMAN

75 Years Old, Weakened by Pneumonia—Vinol Restored Strength

Winchester, Va.—"I am a farmer's wife, 75 years of age, and pneumonia left me in a weak, run-down condition, so I could hardly keep about and do my work. A neighbor brought me Vinol and it has built up my strength so fast that I think it is the best medicine I have ever taken."

There is no secret about Vinol. It owes its success to beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptones and glycerophosphates the oldest and most famous body-building and strength creating tonics. For sale by all druggists.

P. S. For any skin trouble try our Saxol Salve. Money back if it fails.—Adv.

**C. S. Richards Belle Ezard**  
Come! See!  
Our Fine Line of "Greeting" Cards for Overseas  
Kodaks and Supplies Stationery and Fiction Parker Pens  
Developing and printing. Fetch your work here.

**The Book & Novelty Shop**  
Successor to A. H. Atherton  
East Side Square.

**A Little "Sweet" To Top Off the Meal**  
We Offer This Week a Line of "Bunny" Quality  
**Jams**  
These are all-fruit jams—put up in glass, are an economical table delicacy, and certain to please.  
**Walker's**  
"BUNNY" GROCERY  
Bell 106 Illinois 1098  
205 E. Morgan Street

Another Lot of Those Swell  
**50c**  
**Four-in-Hand Ties**  
See them in our west window.  
**T. M. Tomlinson**  
The 100% Pure Wool Store

# BIRTH RECORD

Born, at Passavant hospital Monday evening, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hopper of 627 South Prairie street.

## COUNTY CLERK ELECT MAKES APPOINTMENTS

George L. Riggs, county clerk elect, yesterday made known the names of two of the deputies who will serve in his office. They are J. Earl Vasconcellos and E. D. Hudson. Mr. Vasconcellos has for a number of years been clerk of M. W. A. 912 and has been serving in that capacity in the beef department at Swift & Co plant. Mr. Hudson is now a bill clerk at the Wabash freight house. Both young men are well and favorably known in Jacksonville and they have had clerical experience and training of a kind to thoroughly qualify them for the important duties in the county clerk's office. Mr. Riggs will have a third deputy who has been selected but whose name has not been made public.

# Stop Itching Eczema

Never mind how often you have tried and failed, you can stop burning, itching eczema quickly by applying a little zemo furnished by any druggist for 35c. Extra large bottle, \$1.00. Healing begins the moment zemo is applied. In a short time usually every trace of eczema, tetter, pimples, rash, blackheads and similar skin diseases will be removed. Or clearing the skin and making it vigorously healthy, always use zemo, the penetrating, antiseptic liquid. It is not a greasy salve and it does not stain. When others fail it is the one dependable treatment for skin troubles of all kinds. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

Why do  
**Chiropractors**  
Specialize On The Spine  
The spine is the Chiropractor's special study. Modern research has discovered the importance of the spinal column as a health factor. The spine controls the supply of health energy passing from the brain to individual tissue cells in every part of the body.  
The spinal cord begins at the brain and proceeds down through the spinal column, supplying the nerve fibres through its various openings. If this cord be severed paralysis follows in every part of the body below that point.  
If there is pressure due to faulty alignment of the vertebrae, suffering and disease at some particular point is certain to follow.  
Scientific adjustment allows nature to do her proper work and the sense of dis-ease and discomfort disappears.  
Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, Headache, Constipation, Bilious, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, are among those readily adjusted by the skilled Chiropractor.  
**CONSULTATION FREE**  
HOURS—9 to 12 and 1:30 to 5.  
PHONES—Bell, 340; Ill., 857.  
**P. H. Griggs Chiropractor**  
218½ East State St.

**F. A. SEYMOUR**  
AUCTIONEER Franklin, Ill.  
Graduate Jones School of Auctioneering  
A man who has made a careful study of the art of crying sales for nearly ten years, whose field of operation is rapidly extending, and whose services are giving general satisfaction. When you need an auctioneer, he solicits the engagement, and will endeavor to see that you are not disappointed.  
Either Phone—Franklin, Ill.  
P. O. Address—Waverly, Ill.

**It Has Been Said About Patriotism In Clothes**  
A new spirit has been fused into American manhood. Our great role in the fight for freedom is rehabilitating those old-fashioned American virtues which ease and prosperity has caused us to forget. Our new responsibilities are giving us a broader vision and a quickened point of view.  
This does not mean that we must dispense with the finer things of life, but it does mean that we must learn to discriminate between the superlative and the superfluous—between the things that count and the things that merely cost. It means we are no longer a nation of spenders but a nation of buyers.  
Buying wisely is true economy. Irreproachable quality and workmanship is true economy. Wehl-made clothing is true economy. We invite you to call.

**A. Wehl**  
Tailor  
15 West Side Sq.  
Ill. Phone 976

**How Weak, Nervous Women Quickly Gain Vigorous Health And Strong Nerves**  
**7 A DAY FOR 7 DAYS**  
A vigorous, healthy body, sparkling eyes and health-colored cheeks come in two weeks, says discoverer of Bio-feren.  
World's Greatest Health Builder Costs Nothing Unless It Gives to Women the Buoyant Health They Long for.  
It is safe to say that right here in this city are hundreds of weak, nervous, run-down, depressed women who in two weeks' time could make themselves so healthy, so attractive and so beautiful that they would compel the admiration of all their friends.  
The vital health building elements that these dependent women lack are all plentifully supplied in Bio-feren.  
If you are ambitious, crave success in life, want to have a beautiful, vigorous body, clear skin and eyes that show no signs, make up your mind to get a package of Bio-feren right away.  
It costs but little and you can get an original package at any druggist anywhere.  
Take two tablets after each meal and one at bedtime—seven a day for seven days—then one after meals all are gone. Then if you don't feel twice as good, look twice as attractive and feel twice as strong as before you started your money is waiting for the discoverer of Bio-feren doesn't want one penny of it unless it fills all claims.  
Note to Physicians: There is no secret about the formula of Bio-feren. It is printed on every package. Here it is: Lecithin, Calcium Glycero-phosphate, Iron, Potassium, Manganese, Pentonate, Est. Nux Vomica, Powder, Lecithin, Phenolphthalein, Oleo-satin Capsicum, Kolo.  
Start now to figure on what you will give to the United War Work campaign.

**Great News**  
Peace Is In Sight  
Our Boys Will Soon Be Home  
—But don't let up, keep on saving money and food. We can help you save many dollars annually. All we ask of you is to step in, examine our goods and get prices before you buy elsewhere.  
—We have everything for men and boys to wear.  
**TOM DUFFNER**  
12 W. SIDE — PHONE 323  
JACKSONVILLE, ILL.

## THOUSANDS JOINED IN CELEBRATION

Peace Day Meant Happiness in  
Hearts and Homes—Notable  
Parade and Program.

The peace day celebration in Jacksonville at noon today was a most notable affair. The city was filled with unending enthusiasm. Hundreds of people came from the surrounding country to join in the city observance and the day's events were of a kind which will ever remain a matter of proud memory. Business houses did not open or were closed a short time after noon. The car shops, Capps mill, Illinois Steel Bridge Co., McCarthy-Gebert Co., factory and other institutions of the kind closed down in order to give employees a chance to have a part in the peace day program.

A Great Parade.  
The principal program came in the afternoon at 2 o'clock and it was followed by an imposing program in central park, given appropriately near the temporary shant which has been erected in memory of Morgan county's fallen soldiers.

Central Park Exercise.  
At the close of the parade yesterday



**Stop Coughing!**  
The simplest and best way to stop coughing is to take

**FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR**  
It, you get the curative influence of the pine tar and other healing ingredients, together with the mollifying laxative effect of the honey. It puts a soothing coating on the inflamed tickling throat, allays bronchial irritation, raises phlegm easily, stops hard wearing coughs and nervous hacking.

V. S. Bailey, Lancaster, Ky., writes: "My wife contracted a severe cold, which developed into a bronchial trouble, and she coughed almost continually. One-half bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar cleared up her cough and she used much better at night. She continued its use until it effected a cure."

J. A. OBERMEYER & SON  
City Drug Store

## Chaps May Come, But Cannot Stay!

With the advent of cold changeable fall weather the skin is bound to suffer. Chaps are bound to come—but they won't tarry long where

## ROSE CREAM LOTION

is used. This dainty preparation is delightfully perfumed and its use is a pleasure. A good plan is to use it before and after exposure to the elements. Buy a bottle now and be prepared.

Price 25c

## THE ARMSTRONG DRUG STORES

The Quality Stores  
Two Stores Double Service  
Southwest Corner Square  
Bell, 274; Ill., 602  
225 East State St.  
Phone 507

## What Furniture Do You Need

It makes no difference what you may be in need of, we are sure that you will find something to please you here. Our price will please you, too.

## The Sturgis Furniture Co.

316 East State St., I. O. O. F. Building  
Illinois Phone 1563 WE BUY AND SELL Bell Phone 786

## NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Never before in history has there been as good a time as at the present to buy land as an investment. With the war over, business will get on a solid basis. The United States will have to replenish the devastated countries, which is going to take a long time; we have the ships to do our exporting, we have the materials, we have the provisions and the men to put it there. Prices on farm products are bound to be high and land will be higher. That land is a safe investment is proven by large capitalists making inquiries, the last few days, with the prospect of buying large tracts of land. I have farms of all sizes and kinds. Come and see what I have to offer. Also, city property of all kinds, and money to loan.

## Norman Dewees

Illinois 56 307 Ayers Bank Bldg. Bell 265

day the throng was invited to the middle of Central Park, where the meeting was called to order by Miller Weir, who said:

"I am almost too full for utterance today, and can only say Glory Hallelujah, Praise the Lord for His goodness. We raise the flag today over the best country in the world. Four months ago the allied armies were on the brink of defeat with their backs to the wall and the sea not far away. Bombs were dropping in Paris and London, seemed inevitable. Then it was that our boys took an active part in the great struggle and victory was assured. It was one of the most notable achievements in the history of the world, and stamps the American forces as heroes of the very first order. We promised them many things when they went to the front and now it is up to us to keep our word. I hold in my hand a telegram mentioning its contents. It says, 'Germany is licked, and the Kaiser is canned, and the war is over. To H— with the Kaiser.'"

Dr. Rammelkamp then said: "It is fitting that we should pay our respects to the memory of the thirty-five men from this county who have given their lives for their country and whose names are on this monument before me. They made it possible for the celebration of this great day. It was their sacrifice and that of their fellows which brought victory to the cause of righteousness and sounded the knell of autocracy in the world, and it is especially fitting that the mothers' association should place upon this monument a wreath, which I now invite them to do."

Mrs. P. W. Fox, president of this organization, and Mrs. Fount J. Andrews then advanced and placed a beautiful wreath upon the monument, and more than one person's eyes were moist as the ladies withdrew.

Waterloo of Autocracy  
Rev. M. L. Pontius was then introduced and said in brief: "This is one of the greatest days in the history of this world for we behold the Waterloo of autocracy, and the doctrine of the divine right of kings. Victory was won, he alive, would say, 'This is the world's earthquake.' We have many desires and feelings regarding the disposition and punishment of the Kaiser and his immediate cohorts, but we should leave that in the hands of the statesmen of the allied armies. If we will stand back of the boys who have done so nobly in the past you will see this thing thru to its proper and legitimate end, and there will be a new made Germany as the result. Our boys are coming out of the trenches in Europe where they have fought and bled and have left some of their comrades to sleep in foreign graves. Some will have to remain there for many months as it will be the duty of the allies to keep peace and order and restore conditions in the conquered countries. And now at this important time we must not forsake them. 'In after years I see men about me who will have grandchildren clustering about their knees and asking to be told about this great war. You will tell them how brave men fought and gave their lives, and when they will ask what you did to help it along, what will be your answer? You were too old to go yourself. Have you done your part with your money as you should? Our men have made possible the existence of liberty-loving people."

## A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder for kidney and bladder troubles, gravel, diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.25. One small bottle is two months' treatment and often cures. Send for sworn seven testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2226 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Adv.

## WAR WORK CAMPAIGN HAS MADE GOOD START

Kick Off Meeting Held at Headquarters Monday Night—Some Inspiring Addresses—Over \$8,000 Already Subscribed

The "kick off" meeting of the United War Work campaign was held last night at headquarters on South Sandy street, and taken as an indication of the campaign spirit, spells success and that right rapidly. Although canvassing work has not really begun subscriptions totaling \$8,000 or \$9,000 were reported, making about one-third of the total of Jacksonville's quota.

Dr. C. H. Rammelkamp, campaign chairman, presided and first called upon Dr. F. M. Rule to say grace. The suggestion came from Dr. Rule that everybody join in the singing of the doxology and the words seemed to voice the earnest feeling present, especially in relation to the events of the day. After supper Dr. Rammelkamp explained the details of the campaign organization and the members of the various teams were given first hand information about the methods to be followed in solicitation and as to the records which will be kept.

Well Organized.  
That the organization is quite complex is indicated by the fact that there are 180 workers in Jacksonville alone. Dr. Rammelkamp said that the machinery had been perfected, that the equipment had all been put into shape and now all that remained necessary for successful accomplishment of the campaign was the steam, which the workers are to provide. The chairman expressed the thought that he had no doubt as to the ultimate success of the campaign and said that instead of peace conditions lowering the interest in the campaign it should increase that interest.

LADIES' FURS!  
FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

## FUNERALS

Hayes.  
Funeral services for John Hayes were held at Yatesville cemetery Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock in charge of the Rev. Mr. French of Virginia. The flowers were many and beautiful and were cared for by Lucy Decker and Elizabeth Robinson. The bearers were: Edward, Guy, Wesley, Ezekiah, Everett and Gus McMillan.

Jacinto.  
Funeral services for Mrs. Lida Jacinto were held at Jacksonville cemetery at 10:30 o'clock Sunday morning in charge of the Rev. Mr. Morris, pastor of Northminster church. Music was furnished by Mrs. James A. Scott and Mrs. J. M. DeFries. The flowers were cared for by friends. The bearers were Hugh, James, Charles and Joseph Nunes and Earl Munis and Frank Day.

MORE THAN 6000  
EXTRAS GIVEN AWAY

The Journal extra, which was issued Monday morning in order to give the people of Morgan county more definite details about the armistice, was sent without charge into the country districts and distributed the same way to all persons who came to the Journal office. More than 6000 copies of the paper were distributed. Many people expressed the wish to keep a copy of the paper as a souvenir of the greatest day in history.

## DON'T SUFFER WITH NEURALGIA

Use Soothing Musterole

When those sharp pains go shooting thru your head, when your skull seems as if it would split, rub a little Musterole on your temples and neck. It draws out the inflammation, soothes away the pain, usually giving quick relief. Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister. Many doctors and nurses frankly recommend Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet—colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). It is always dependable. 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50



## The Period Of Reconstruction

Now is the time as never before that all humanity is looking to the future and wondering what it will bring forth. From the smallest producer to the greatest manufacturer, from the smallest consumer to the greatest merchant prince, we all are interested in our own personal needs as well as in the needs of all humanity, in this great reconstruction period after the war.

After the boys come shouting home, and we extend to them the glad hand of welcome, then we must give them a place by our side; then Capital will seek the channels of trade where it will be the most profitable, ever governed by the fly-wheel of safety and confidence.

The great factories will turn from the needs of war to the replenishing of our depleted stocks and that will be a great task for this war has been different from any other war in that the world has been at war and there are no big supplies to crush the belligerents as has been the case in other wars and while the depleted stocks are being replenished the people must be fed; and this all means that the products of the farm will be in demand for years.

Conclusion: BUY FARMS!

BUY FARMS!

S. T. Erixon

Ill. 56 307 Ayers Bank Bldg. Bell 265

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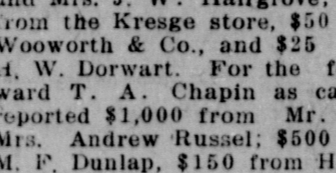
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Mr. Pontius suggested that some people needed the application of a depth bomb, which would either bring them to the surface in this matter of subscription or cause them to submerge.

The company joined in the singing of America in a very hearty way and this concluded the formal program. The active work of canvassing for subscriptions will proceed today in an active and well organized way.

Due to peace celebration discount on bills allowed today, Nov. 12th.  
Jacksonville Ry. & Light Co.

## DEATHS

Diltz.  
The end of life came Sunday afternoon for Miss Marcelle Frances Diltz, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Diltz, at her home on South Clay avenue. The young lady whose untimely death is thus recorded, was born in Chicago Dec. 16, 1900, so that she was seventeen years, ten months and ten days of age. The larger part of her life was spent in Jacksonville, as her parents have been residents of this city for a number of years. An illness which medical science could not successfully meet laid upon this girl nearly three years ago. At that time she was just completing a course in the eighth grade and which now comes to cheer them in the final year of school she was fortunate in winning a state essay prize. Although young in years she was an accomplished musician and her talents were of a varied kind.

As a child she evidenced a particularly sweet disposition and when the long years of illness came that spirit seemed to be the more refined because of weakness and pain.

The strain of illness was so long that there were dark days of delirium and so it was a special joy to the parents to remember that a few hours before she crossed to the other side their daughter's mind was wholly clear and she talked to them in an intimate way. It is the memory of those hours when now comes to cheer them in the time of grief and sadness.

Marcelle Diltz was in truth a lovable girl and during her long illness everything that love could suggest was done for her by parents and friends. They came to know that the hour of her going could not be far distant and knew that her spirit would soon be released for the world beyond. But the memory of her life and spirit will live thru the years and be an inspiration to the father and mother and to the one sister, Dot R. Diltz.

Brief funeral services will be held at the home, 115 South Clay avenue, at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. The remains will then be taken on the 11:30 Burlington train for interment at Moline.

JUST RECEIVED  
A new lot of misses' and children's shoes at Hopper's.

SENT GOOD WORD  
OVER C. B. & Q. WIRES

E. J. Christopher, third trick operator at the Burlington station sent the peace news to the Burlington dispatcher in Beardstown Monday morning following very closely on the Journal's flash. The dispatcher called the mayor and it was not long until the celebration began. Mr. Christopher also sent the message to Franklin, Waverly and other points along the Burlington.

## Leck's

Specials this week

"CARNATION"  
Condensed Milk  
Can 15c and 18c

Use condensed milk and save on your regular milk bill. You'll be astonished by its goodness, and wonder why you had not tried it long ago.

Woodford or College Girl Corn, No. 2 cans, each .15c

Kraut, No. 3 cans, each .15c  
Don't Miss This Offer

LECK'S

GROCERY AND MARKET  
222 E. State Both phones 50

Signs  
Signs  
Signs

Signs That Compel

Achenbach

Ill. Phone 832

221 S. Main St.

## FUNERALS

Smith.  
Funeral services for Sherman Smith were held from the residence, 641 South Prairie street, at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon in charge of the Rev. Father Cahill. There was a large gathering of relatives and friends, many traveling salesmen being present. There were many beautiful floral offerings, and these were cared for by friends. The bearers were all traveling salesmen and intimate friends of the deceased. Burial was made in Calvary cemetery.

## WITH THE SICK

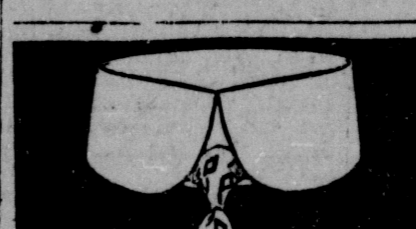
Roland L. Stice, who has been ill with double pneumonia for a number of days, was reported last night as in a critical condition at his home on East College avenue.

## IN PIKE COUNTY

A message received last night by J. S. Findley indicated that between \$4,000 and \$5,000 has already been raised in the Pike county war activities campaign. The quota for the county, together with the increase asked, is \$52,000.

## BUSY OPERATORS

Miss Bessie Spies of the Illinois Telephone office and Miss Nellie Conde of the Bell office were on duty Monday morning when the peace news came. They and associate workers did everything possible to spread the good tidings.



MARLEY 2 1/2 IN. DEVON 2 1/4 IN.

ARROW

COLLARS

CLUETT, PEARSON & CO., INC. MAKER

A Stubborn Cough

Loosens Right Up

This Home-Made Remedy is

a Wonder for Quick Results. Easily and

Cheaply Made.

Here is a home-made syrup

which millions of people have

found to be the most dependable

means of breaking up stubborn

coughs. It is cheaply and simple,

but very prompt in action. Under

its healing, soothing influence,

chest soreness goes, phlegm

loosens, breathing becomes

easier, tickling in throat stops

and you get a good night's restful

sleep. The usual throat and

chest colds are conquered by it

in 24 hours or less. Nothing bet-

ter for bronchitis, hoarseness,

croup, whooping cough, bron-

chial asthma or winter coughs.

To make this splendid cough

syrup, pour 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex

into a pint bottle and fill the bot-

tle with plain granulated sugar

syrup and shake thoroughly. If you

prefer, use clarified molasses,

honey, or corn syrup, instead of

sugar syrup. Either way, you get

a full pint—a family supply—of

much better cough syrup than

you could buy ready-made for

three times the money. Keep

perfectly and children love its

pleasant taste.

Pinex is a special and highly

concentrated compound of genu-

ine Norway pine extract, known

the world over for its prompt

healing effect upon the membranes.

To avoid disappointment ask

your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces

of Pinex" with full directions,

and don't accept anything else.

Guaranteed to give absolute sat-

isfaction or money promptly re-

funded. The Pinex Co., Ft.

Wayne, Ind. (adv.)

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## The Ayers National Bank

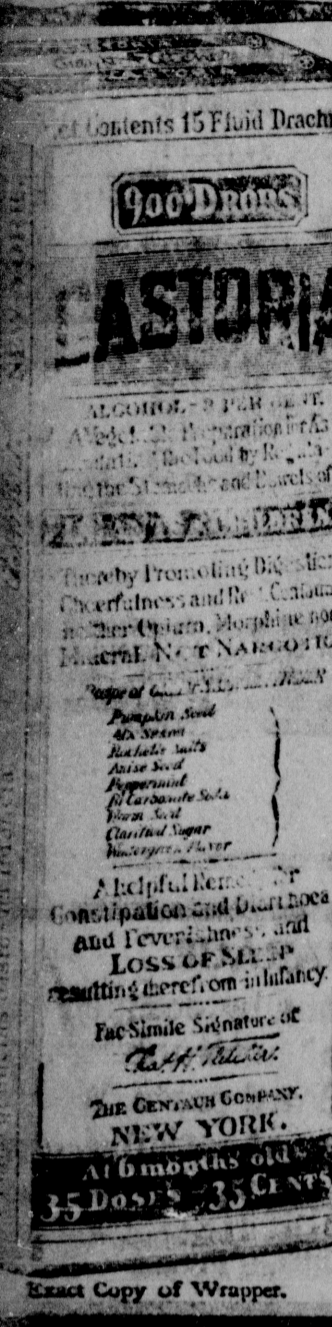
AT JACKSONVILLE, IN THE STATE OF ILLINOIS,  
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS NOV. 1, 1918

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,873,915.00
Overdrafts Secured and Unsecured	13,155.84
United States Bonds to Secure Circulation	200,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds	582,200.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	7,500.00
Other Bonds, Stocks and Securities	554,141.79
Furniture and Fixtures	11,369.58
CASH	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	15,241.26
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	169,478.53
Cash and Due from National Banks	573,335.19
Clearings and Other Cash Items	26,895.70
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	14,732.00
Total	\$4,041,964.91

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$300,000.00
Surplus Fund	50,000.00
Undivided Profits Less Expenses and Taxes Paid	178,065.81
National Bank Notes Outstanding	200,000.00

DEPOSITS	
Due to State Banks and Bankers .....	\$ 124,352.47
Due to National Banks .....	39,917.19
Individual Deposits Subject to Check ...	2,502,322.24
Time Certificates of Deposit .....	603,958.23
Postal Savings .....	3,337.31
United States Deposits .....	139,960.59
	<b>3,413,898.</b>

**MARCHING TO BERLIN**  
Hurrah, hurrah, we've licked old Kaiser Bill,  
Hurrah, hurrah, we've got him down the hill,  
We'll feed him his own medicine until he gets a fill,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
"Pershing's tender Yankee boys will never reach our coast,"  
So the saucy monarch said,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.



**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always  
Bears the  
Signature  
*Wm. D. Mitchell*  
in  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**  
The Centaur Company, New York.

But "was an idle boast."  
Kaiser Bill has lea-nad at last  
To reckon with our host  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, we've got them on the run,  
Hurrah, hurrah, we've licked the bloody Hun.  
Now we'll stay in Germany until the job is done,  
And we'll march along to Berlin.

O der Linden Unter  
Is a very handsome street;  
Its palaces and monuments  
Are very hard to beat;  
But wait until it feels the tread  
Of thousands Yankee feet  
While we are marching through Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, the U-boat now is done;  
Hurrah, hurrah, we've licked the cruel Hun;  
Hindenburg and Ludendorff are going on the run,  
And we are marching on to Berlin.

How the Belgians shouted  
When they heard the joyful sound;  
How the French took up the cry  
And carried it around;  
Italy, Roumania, too  
Went upward with a bound  
When they heard us marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, "poor Belgium now is free;  
Hurrah, hurrah, beloved Italy, Bulgaria, and Serbia, and Poland, and noble three,  
And we are marching on to Berlin.

Kaiser Bill and company  
Have traveled in a train;  
Luxuries of every sort  
Were their ill-gotten gain.  
Now he's like to go about  
And we will have the train.  
As we are going on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, the monarchs are done;  
Hurrah, hurrah, down goes the cruel Hun;  
There's no place for him to rest  
This side the setting sun  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

How the gorgeous palaces  
In Germany abound;  
Everywhere throughout that land  
In numbers they are found;  
Soon you'll find old Kaiser Bill  
Is sitting on the ground  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Half a million prisoners  
Will need some exercise;  
Loafing round from morn till night

Is never very wise;  
Let them work in Belgium  
And France, 'twill glad our eyes,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, no churches hence they'll burn;  
Hurrah, hurrah, your pleadings we will spurn;  
You persecuted others now you'll have to take your turn.  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

Now across the water far  
We hear a joyful sound;  
Friends with generous offerings  
Are rallying around;  
Glad to say in Jacksonville  
No slackers can be found  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, for Morgan county too;  
Hurrah, hurrah, we know she'll see it through  
Nobly go across the top with dollars not a few  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

How we bless the noble "Y,"  
"K. C." and all the rest;  
Chocolate, hot coffee, cakes,  
Doughnuts and cigarettes;  
Of the many friends we have  
We reckon them the best  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, we'll cross the flowing Rhine;  
Hurrah, hurrah, expect us there on time;  
Three hundred miles in latitude,  
Five hundred from the brine  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

O where's that Christmas dinner Bill  
In Paris meant to eat?  
Maybe he will get some curds  
In Holland, but not sweet;  
Crow will be his largest course  
In traveling he's fleet  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, we'll ride and he can walk;  
Hurrah, hurrah, we'll see his armies balk;  
We wonder if some cuss words  
Now are mingled with his talk,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

Now the fighting's over  
And the work of war is done;  
Poland, Russia, all the rest  
Are freed from cruel Hun;  
Martyred Belgium surely has  
The greatest honor won  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, the stars and stripes will flutter  
O'er German cities far and wide,  
O'er fort and field and boat,  
Glory, glory to allies we'll sound  
aloud from every throat,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

Listen boys, you hear that sound  
O'er wood and vale and hill?  
Seems as if it sure must come  
From dear old Jacksonville.  
Everybody's shouting three,  
Rejoicing with a will,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, we'll swell the joyful noise,  
Bands and drums, tin pans and horns  
by grown-ups, girls and boys,  
Yes, the war is over now, let everyone rejoice,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

How we got the news we know  
Associated Press;  
Always is reliable,  
And leaves no one to guess;  
Let DeShara have the key  
We'll shout it I confess,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.  
Hurrah, hurrah, the whistles loudly blow;  
Hurrah, hurrah, down goes the cruel Hun;  
Let the Journal extra tell you all  
you want to know,  
While we are marching on to Berlin.

**OLD GLORY**  
Old Glory! we owe it to you—  
This wonderful thing called Peace.  
For with you in the lead, our lads would not heed  
The dangers that fate would cry "cease."  
Old Glory! 'tis you who achieved it,  
YOU silenced the cannons roar  
'Tis YOU who said to the voices of death  
"Be still," and they spoke no more.  
Old Glory! the whole world loves you.  
For you've proven your worth and your might.  
You answered the call, you placed your all  
On the altar of Freedom and Right.  
Old Glory! we thrill as we watch you  
When you fly in the breeze unfurled,  
And we know that you're ours,  
with your stripes and stars  
OUR FLAG that has saved the world!  
Inez Cumming.  
Nov. 7, 1918.

**SCHOOL BOYS WANTED IN VICTORY CAMPAIGN**  
Twenty high school, David Prince and parochial boys are wanted to help in the United War Work campaign. This is your chance to help your big brothers "over there." All older students are wanted. Report at 9 a. m. Tuesday at the Y. M. C. A. If you can't come in the morning come at 1 p. m.

**CARD OF THANKS**  
We desire to thank the friends who kindly assisted us in various ways during the illness and death of our little boy Vincent. Also for thoughtful offerings from his teacher, schoolmates and friends.  
Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Riley and Children  
Mrs. C. L. Ledy and son Donald of North Prairie are spending a few days at the home of her brother, Chas. Smith and wife of Bardonia.

### CHARLES ADWELL KILLED BY TRAIN

**Waverly Man Meets Death on Burlington Road—Body Discovered by Engineer of South Bound Passenger Train Monday Morning.**

Charles Adwell, a resident of Waverly, was killed by a Burlington freight train some time Sunday night. The body was discovered by the engineer of the south bound passenger train Monday morning and reported to Pat Curvin, section boss of Waverly. He in turn notified W. E. Swift, undertaker at Waverly, who took charge of the body and removed it to that city.

Coroner Rose was notified and went to Waverly Monday and examined the following jury: V. G. Kepling, foreman; J. B. Lombard, James Lovell, H. I. De-Turk, Clyde Hembrough, and C. F. Wemple, clerk.

After hearing the evidence the jury returned a verdict that said Charles Adwell came to his death by being struck by a south bound freight train at a point about two miles north of Waverly. The jury further found that Adwell was a trespasser at the time of his death and that the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad was not in any way to blame for the accident.

The jury in arriving at a verdict heard the testimony of J. H. Patterson, a section hand, Pat Curvin, a section boss, and W. E. Swift, undertaker, of Waverly. Patterson and Curvin testified of the engineer of the south bound passenger train telling them that he had seen the body of a man lying by the side of the southbound track north of Waverly. The men said they were just starting to work and proceeded to the spot and found the body to be that of Charles Adwell.

According to the testimony of W. E. Swift the body was badly mangled and bruised. One foot was cut entirely off and the other badly mangled. The skull was badly fractured, the left arm broken and the collar bone fractured and the neck also was broken. Mr. Swift testified that in one pocket of his overcoat was a quantity of broken glass that smelled strongly of whisky.

The dead man was well known in the county. He at one time served as turnkey at the county jail. He is survived by his mother.

The funeral will be held Wednesday but the hour has not been set.

### YOUNG BLOOD

Everett Grimsly and family have moved to Nortonville where Mr. Grimsly will conduct a blacksmith shop.

Carlton Dalton and family spent from Sunday until Tuesday with relatives in Brown county.

Mr. Richards and family have moved to their farm in the Muddy neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Dalton were Jacksonville callers Wednesday.

Wm. Edwards will have a sale of personal property at his home one and one half miles west of Nortonville Wednesday, Nov. 13.

Mrs. Margaret and Janette Alexander expect to go to Chicago today to spend the winter.

### SCOTT COUNTY WENT OVER THE TOP FIRST

Mrs. G. W. Moore of Bluffs received a telegram Monday from headquarters in Chicago to the effect that Scott county Victory girls were the first in the state to go over the top in the United War Work campaign. Mrs. Moore is chairman of the Victory girls for Scott county and is naturally very much pleased with the result attained.

### Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Eckman's Alternative, the tonic and upbuilder of 20 years' successful use. 80c and \$1.50 bottles from druggists, or from

**ECKMAN LABORATORY Philadelphia**

### Here is One Thing That is Absolutely Impossible.

**Rheumatism Has Never Been Cured by Liniments or Lotions, and Never Will Be**

You never knew of rheumatism that most painful source of suffering—being cured by liniments, lotions or other external applications. And you will never see anything but temporary relief afforded by such makeshifts.

But why be satisfied with temporary relief from the pangs of pain which are sure to return with increased severity, when there is permanent relief within your reach? Science has proven that rheumatism is a disordered condition of the blood. How then, can satisfactory results be expected from any treatment that

does not reach the blood, the seat of the trouble, and rid the system of the cause of the disease? S. S. S. is one blood remedy that has for more than fifty years been giving relief to even the most aggravated and stubborn cases of rheumatism. It cleanses and purifies the blood by routing out all traces of disease. The experience of others who have taken S. S. S. will convince you that it will promptly reach your case. You can obtain this valuable remedy at any drug store.

A valuable book on rheumatism and its treatment, together with expert medical advice about your own individual case will be sent absolutely free. Write today to Medical Department, Swift Specific Co., 431 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



**In The "Huts"**  
—here and over there—the American soldier and sailor find recreation, home and church cheer, school and college, and the best of club life and the stage.  
Not least of the Camp helps is the "eats" provided for the boys, especially good things from the homeland. Often a happy group may be seen enjoying a dish of Grape-Nuts, a delicious and nutritious food that makes thousands happy every day "at home."


**This is War Charities Week**  
Funds for war aid work are being pooled and mobilized to help win the war for the United States and the Allies.  
**Help the folks who are helping the fighters at the front.**  
**Subscribe to the Joint Fund**

# WRIGLEY'S

## Help Our Boys—Give to United War Work

Nov. 11-18

**We will win this war—Nothing else really matters until we do!**



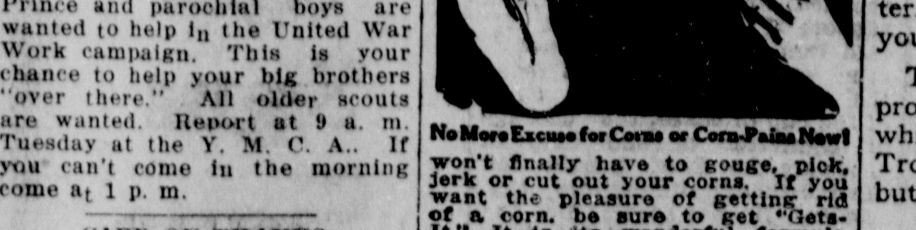
**Be patient here—Our Boys are getting over there!**

# WRIGLEY'S

## Help Our Boys—Give to United War Work

Nov. 11-18

**We will win this war—Nothing else really matters until we do!**



**Be patient here—Our Boys are getting over there!**

# TROCO



**Compare Troco With the Best Butter You Can Buy at Any Price**

This appetizing new product is offered as butter's successor to those who heretofore have used nothing but butter. It is made by an exclusive process—a process which gives the delicate flavor of gilt-edged creamery butter. The more critical you are, the better you will like Troco.

The makers of Troco specialize on this one product. They have perfected the method which produces the quality which makes Troco not a butter substitute but actually butter's successor.

It is as nutritious as butter and as digestible. Like butter it is energy food of the highest value. You will use Troco in place of butter solely for quality—because you rarely find butter so pure and sweet. Your dealer will supply you with a capsule of the vegetable coloring used by butter makers.

But remember, Troco contains no animal oils, and no preservatives. And that it is made by a company which makes no animal products—only pure, sweet, appetizing Troco.

**Remember to Specify TROCO**

Ask for Troco by name if you want to enjoy the butter flavor and butter quality which other nut butters lack. Your dealer has it or can order it for you. A phone order will bring prompt delivery anywhere.

**An Attractive Combination**

Troco is churned from the fat extracted from the white meat of coconuts—the same dainty tropic delicacy you use shredded on cake—combined with pasteurized milk.

Write Troco Co., Milwaukee, U. S. A., for Free Cook Book

**(Distributor's Name, Address and Phone Number)**



UNITED WAR WORK  
SUNDAY SERVICES

Large Audiences Hear J. F. O'Hagan Make Fine Address—Local Speakers Emphasized Needs Even After Peace.

The weather Sunday was clear and cold but a very good audience gathered on the east porch of the Academy building to hear the cause of the United War Activities advanced.

Dr. Rammelkamp presided and called on Father Formaz for invocation, after which he said, in brief:

"I thank you for coming here today in behalf of this very important cause. It is desired to raise two hundred and fifty million dollars for the welfare of our boys across the seas, and it is expended by the seven organizations already stated. We must remember that while the war is practically over the presence of our soldiers upon the other side will be needed for a long time to merely grand duty they will have much leisure on their hands and be subject to greater temptations and consequently it is all important that we should do everything to make life pleasant and comfortable for them. It is unfortunate that the epidemic is with us, but we must not be stopped by that from doing our duty."

"I now have the pleasure of introducing to you Sergeant J. F. O'Hagan, who lived in Chicago, but entered the war in 1915, was wounded and later went to South Africa. Then went abroad again in the employ of the Y. M. C. A., and is now in this country assisting in this great cause."

Debit to Soldiers.

Sergeant O'Hagan said in brief:

"We owe a great debt to the American soldiers in this war. I went to Paris the fifteenth of last February to join the work for the soldiers and was with the ambulance corps, and helped stop a piece of shrapnel shell. In South Africa I was with the motor transport battalion where the Germans were driven into the mountains and the war was soon over. I then returned to France, but was not strong enough for duty and so was sent home."

"The Germans said the Yankees were too proud, weak and unheroic to fight. I was of use in the Y. M. C. A. corps and was able to get back on that account and knew French and could speak it well, and I knew how to stay away from Paris. Our body of troops had the honor to stay away from Paris. Our body of troops had the honor of cleaning out two towns. I had a year with four tons of goods but emptied them out and returned with several loads of refugees. In one engagement 7,500 American boys met several times their number of Germans and overcame them, but next morning only 1,500 answered the roll call, as they had met the crack Prussian guard. When the colonel called for a hundred volunteers for a dangerous duty the whole 1,500 stepped forward."

"I have been with the 33rd division of mostly Illinois men and they were a fine set of men. One man I met was James O'Brien who said he was from Morgan county. A young lieutenant was sent against the enemy with orders to stop at a certain place, and when the colonel called him on to the carpet for not obeying orders, he replied, 'How in h— could I stop?'"

Join in Good Work.  
"We bless the Salvation Army girls who seemed to work without rest or sleep. At one time they handed out 10,000 doughnuts and as many cakes. The Knights of Columbus welcome everybody to their huts, and so do all the other organizations. General Pershing urged that the maintenance of the organizations be kept up at any cost. I saw some digging a trench for six bodies. And those six there were two Jews, one Catholic, two Presbyterians and one Methodist and a Jewish rabbi and a Catholic priest were digging the grave."

The gentleman spoke with much difficulty as his voice was seriously injured when he was gassed, but under the circumstances he did remarkably well. He showed a small arsenal he

had brought with him. A revolver used by snipers and carrying nine loads, and several other revolvers of different sizes, all looking very wicked. He made an earnest appeal for the seven organizations, and remarked that it would be impossible to tell of their value to the men. He showed an iron cross that was fastened to a coat of an officer belonging to a brigade whose staff had been captured. He tied a string to the cross, went to the dugout pulled the string and a big explosion ensued, but he got the cross uninjured. His address was greeted with applause and at the end the audience arose and men doffed their hats in his honor.

Mr. Crabtree spoke briefly, urging the people to prove their loyalty by contributions for this great cause. He eloquently portrayed the value of the services to our men of the seven organizations heretofore mentioned.

The meeting was dismissed with benediction by Rev. W. R. Leslie.

Afternoon Meetings.

The weather was a little more propitious in the afternoon and another good sized audience gathered on the lawn of the Woman's College and was first addressed by Dr. Harker, who greeted the assembly, saying that we had gathered at the beginning of a great campaign for a noble purpose. The present war would change the face of the earth and the geography of Europe. When General Pershing was in London he had an appointment with a lady who was unavoidably three minutes late, and when he reminded her of it she replied that "You are three years late." But we have surely made up for that lateness since we have arrived. Our men over there have made untold sacrifices and we should do all we can for them through these societies, and see that they come back mentally and physically and morally well and take up again their life work. And there is no way to do this better than by supporting these societies. He then introduced John Butler who said in brief:

"This United War Work Campaign is for seven agencies for the good of our men in arms. When we consider what has taken place since the middle of July the record is astonishing. At that time the Germans had the Allies with their backs to the wall and defeat seemed to stare them in the face. The American Marines at Chateau Thierry saved the day and from that time forward the Germans have been steadily pushed back, and now have asked for armistice. The greatest credit is due the American army for what it has accomplished. When it arrived on the other side it found the Allies weak and discouraged and their presence was at once an inspiration, turning the tide of battle which has gone but one way ever since. And now victory seems to be ours. These our brave men have gone to the defense of our country, of our homes of our all and we cannot do too much for them. Two million men are over there and they will need the benefit of these societies for whom help is asked today, and I feel certain that Morgan county will cheerfully go over the top, as it always has."

Dr. Harker said the Y. W. C. A. had asked for a contribution from the young ladies of the college, the sum being \$2,000 and the response \$2,130, which would be a part of the \$81,000 asked for.

Sergeant O'Hagan was then introduced and said that his time here was short, that he wanted to be back over there by Christmas. Our need for funds is very great for these organizations. The navy at one time had but 70,000 men and now it has 700,000 and there are 2,500,000 men in France. We appeal to the generosity of a community that has never yet failed. The men have come there grandly and it becomes us to make their lives as pleasant as possible. One can hardly realize the tediousness of the days with men on guard without active duty, and it is more important than ever at such times to afford them all the recreation and variety possible, and nothing can be more important than this enterprise upon which we are engaged. Here is a piece of shrapnel which I didn't stop myself, but picked it up. Here's another piece that came into contact with my anatomy

leaving its mark, altho at present my worse disability is in my lungs owing to being gassed by German wickedness.

The gentleman again showed his arsenal and among other things, a small revolver which could be held in the open hand so as not to be seen and which was used by the Germans when they would try 'kammerd' and then basely take the lives of their captors. The gentleman's remarks were heard with great interest and were frequently applauded as he proceeded.

A prayer by Rev. M. Randel, of Brooklyn church ended the exercises.

Men desiring correct style hats will find a large assortment shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

URGE GENEROUS GIFTS  
TO UNITED WAR WORK

T. J. Duffner Receives Telegram from Catholic War Council Pointing to Special Needs for After War Period.

The following message, received by T. J. Duffner, grand knight of the Knights of Columbus, indicates some reason why this war work drive is now especially needed. The telegram follows: Chicago, Ill., Nov. 10, 1918. Knight, T. J. Duffner, Jacksonville, Ill.

Dear Grand Knight—Received this telegram from our state chaplain. Kindly convey his message to all members of your council. Edward Houlihan, 17 North LaSalle Street, Chicago.

"Responding to your request for statement relative to necessity for over subscription, United War Work campaign, I wish to state without hesitation and most emphatically that there will be greater need for funds in case peace is declared than if our army were still fighting. "Our soldiers will not be so actively engaged and therefore will have a great deal of free time, which is a menace to any body of men. The thought of immediate conflict now absent, our soldiers will need both recreation and study to keep them from loneliness and dissipation. "The National Catholic War Council, Knights of Columbus, must therefore spend more and work harder to counteract the temptations that may surround the soldier and offer him every facility to adjust himself to the new conditions. "Also the great world reconstruction in our own country will require immense sums and the government is looking to these seven agencies to help in this work."

"Most earnestly and insistently should you bring before the public the undeniable fact that peace will burden the agencies with graver and more difficult problems than did war. "P. J. Muldoon, "Chairman Administration Committee National Catholic War Council for K. C. and other war activities."

Men's hats from \$1.00 to \$20.00 are shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

A GOOD SUGGESTION

Commenting on the appropriate act of yesterday when two of the members of the mothers' association placed a wreath upon the monument in the center of the square, a gentleman remarked that it would be fitting if the same thing could be done every day while the monument is there. Let our ladies bear this in mind.

JUST RECEIVED A new lot of Misses' and children's shoes at Hopper's.

INJURED BY FALL

Mrs. Lottie Robason of South Clay avenue met with quite a painful accident Sunday morning. She went out in the yard to get the Journal and slipped and fell and broke a bone in her left hip. She was taken to Our Savior's hospital and attended by Drs. Hetzel and Rowe. She is resting as comfortably as could be expected but will be laid up for some weeks.

GAVE SPLENDID AIR FLIGHTS

People of Jacksonville were again treated Sunday to a splendid aeroplane exhibition as a result of the visit of Lieut. Harold McGinnis and Lieut. L. M. Peterson of Scott field. It was a splendid day and the aviators reached Jacksonville at 12:10 o'clock. They came by way of Champaign and Decatur, making stops in both of these cities. About 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon Lieut. Peterson made an exhibition flight taking with him Julian Pyatt, of the Student Army Training Corps as a companion. A little later on Capt. C. W. Coon of the unit was taken for a flight by Lieut. McGinnis. It was a new experience for the two men and they enjoyed their trips hugely, altho they found it pretty cool at such a great height. The aviators gave the hundreds of people who watched them the full spin, side slips, wing overs and various other fancy figures, and the people were vastly entertained.

While at Champaign Saturday Lieut. McGinnis gave Edward Tomlinson and Dawson Darley each a trip and the Jacksonville lads were very enthusiastic in their appreciation. Lieutenants McGinnis and Peterson were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Hehl while here.

Knox, Stetson and other reliable makes of men's hats are well represented in the assortment shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

LOCOMOTIVE JUMPS TRESTLE; TURNS TURTLE

Engineer and Fireman Both Injured—Accident Caused By Spreading Rails—David Thompson Dead at Home in Bluffs.

Bluffs Nov. 11.—Edward Miller, a locomotive fireman on the Wabash, was perhaps fatally burned and Durl Bridgman engineer received severe injuries when their locomotive fell off the trestle at Valley City and turned turtle. The locomotive which is used as a pusher to help freight trains up the grade from Valley City west, was returning to Bluffs. When it ran onto the long trestle at the west end of the Valley City bridge the rails spread and the locomotive was thrown to the ground thirty five feet below. Miller was badly scalded and received other injuries. Bridgman received minor bruises but his condition is not considered serious. Immediately after the accident Dr. Evans was summoned by telephone and rushed to the scene of the accident by automobile and gave the first aid treatment. Later they were taken to the Decatur hospital for treatment.

Bridgman is about 35 years old and Miller about 30 years old. Both men are married, have families and reside in Bluffs. David Thompson Dead. David Thompson an aged resident of this place who was stricken with paralysis a week ago, died at the home of his granddaughter here this evening. Mr. Thompson was a veteran of the Civil War and was 78 years of age at the time of death. He enlisted in the 129th Illinois infantry at Meredosia and has resided in that place and Bluffs all his life.

He is survived by two sons, both in military service in France. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

Men's Rain Proof Overcoats, latest R. & W. styles, are shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

WELCOME HOME! They're coming home from far and near.

Our boys so brave and true, The saviors of our Nation We're waiting here for you. You've whipped the Huns, Welcome home. You're the victors of the day. Stand up! Salute the hero Fighting Sammy, U. S. A.

Chorus. Oh welcome, welcome, Sammy, There's a welcome home for you. From the battle field of victory To the land of home sweet home. Oh we counted on you Sammy You're soldier to the bone We're waiting for you Sammy Waiting 'till you get back home.

You bravely fought without disgrace You've downed autocracy, Without a stain, our Nation's name Goes down in history. For England, France and Belgium's cause Your noble service gave Welcome home, dear boys in khaki. Welcome home to U. S. A. Mary Hart, City.

WANTED

10 men for plant work. Apply at packing house Sunday 10 to 12 to Otto Willner, foreman. Powers-Begg & Co.

A GIFT OF FLOWERS Yesterday afternoon William Hehl brought to the Journal office a beautiful bouquet of roses to be placed on the desk of Walter DeShara, Associated Press operator.

Men's Rain Proof Overcoats, latest R. & W. styles, are shown by FRANK BYRNS' Hat Store.

JACKSONVILLE HAD BIG PEACE PARADE

Affair While Almost Entirely Impromptu, Was Great Success—Many Organizations in Line.

The parade was a grand success and when it is remembered that the affair was wholly impromptu the success is all the more remarkable. Everybody was in good humor and seemed bent on having a good time and helping the other fellow to have it too. Every possible device that could make a noise was used. Drums, tin articles of all sorts, horns of every description, guns and pistols, small cannon, saws, hand bells, steel plates and every imaginable device was used for all it was worth. Vehicles and even bicycles had strings of tin cans and vessels dragging after them over the pavements adding to the din. People were all rejoiced and wanted everybody to know.

Especially beaming were the wives, mothers and relatives of the boys in the service and with good reason for their loved ones were soon to be returned to them or at least would not be in danger of German bullets or fiendish means of destruction. At 2:30 p. m. the parade formed on West State street under command of Major E. McDougall assisted by Capt. John E. Wright, Charles Black and H. H. Massey marched to the square and to South Main street, south to college avenue, back to State street, up State street and counter marched to the square. Sincere efforts were made to get the names of all organizations in line but as hardly any had placards it is wholly possible that some have been omitted as they were all in a continuous line.

Liberty band. Company C, home guards. Local board members. Canteen girls. Woman's College, faculty and students. Automobiles. Red Cross. Cigarmakers. Patriotic Drum Corps. C. C. Phelps Dry Goods Co. force. Morton school. Bluffs Steel Bridge force. Brown's Business College, teachers and students. Drug stores. Clover Leaf Casualty Co., of officers and clerks. F. J. Waddell & Co.'s force. Rabjohns & Reid and force. G. A. R. Pacific Hotel force. C. P. & St. L. shop men, 150 strong. Knights of Columbus car, labeled "influenza here." R. I. Dunlap, postmaster, and force. Colored people; many adults and children. Cigarmakers. Drummers, lady with bass drum. Children. War mothers. Children. Illinois College S. A. T. C. Many autos. Street Railway employees. Several coal wagons, some with four horses; York Bros'. Paschall coal wagon. Autos. Capps Mills; large truck load, marchers, four carrying a wonderful quilt; effigy of kaiser; fiddler. Boy scouts. Girls' Patriotic Service league. Victory Girls. Red Cross, headed by M. F. Dunlap. Autos. Large truck with Cohen's force. Fancy decorated buggy; U. G. Woodman. Many Autos. The parade moved without mishap or special incident of any kind and at the end disbanded, each going their own way, many not to turn in but to keep on celebrating, even into the night. The great length of the parade was many times mentioned and it was truly remarkable.

PARADE NOTES.

Early in the day there were many impromptu parades: one Mr. and Mrs. Hehl and force; many others in bodies large and small marched about. One boy had a goat and called it kaiser and he got his goat. The C. P. and St. L. shopmen made a pitiful effigy of the kaiser which they carried on a stretcher. An effigy of the kaiser made by R. A. Thompson, manager of the Woolworth 5 and 10 cent store, was burned by the west side island mailpost.

There were placards urging giving to the war work and various other settlements. One impressive piece of field artillery was made by mounting a joint of stovepipe on an impromptu wooden carriage which was hauled about with becoming gravity. The little son of Policeman Casey attracted much attention by his skillful playing on a cornet. He has not had any lessons and plays wonderfully well.

JUST RECEIVED

A new lot of Misses' and children's shoes at Hopper's.

TO TAKE MORE ARMY TESTS

Lieut. Felix E. Farrell, who enlisted for service in the quartermaster corps a number of weeks ago and more recently passed the physical examination at Springfield, has been summoned to report at the office of Capt. N. R. Robinson in Chicago Wednesday. Altho the end of the war has come, the army organization is to continue for a long period and it is quite noble that Lieut. Farrell may still gain entrance for overseas service. As indicated, Lieut. Farrell has had a long siege of endeavor for admission to the army service.

Overcoats Now

—You will use more care in the selection of your Overcoat than ever before.

—You will demand style plus quality.

—Here you will find conservative OVERCOAT styles—velvet or self collars—double breasted, form fitting ulsterettes for young men—vertical and welt pockets in a variety of fabrics suitable to the many new styles. Every price \$15.00 to \$50.00

SWEATER COATS

—V-necks, Varsity and Shawl collars—all colors—

TOM WYE COATS

—Wind and shower proof — V-neck and Military collars — khaki, green, garnet, brown and grey heather mixed.

GET CHRISTMAS BOXES READY NOW FOR THE BOYS OVERSEAS AND HERE. Comfort and Shaving Kits, all combinations; Money Belts, Wool Helmets, Silk and Flannel Regulation Shirts, Wool Knitted Helmets, Sleeveless Sweaters, Gloves in regulation khaki color.

The War Industries Board says: "Shop Early"

Do Christmas Buying Now

MYERS BROTHERS.

Special for Tomorrow

C. J. Deppe & Company

NOVEMBER

Suit

—and—

Coat

Values That are Extraordinary!

The women of Jacksonville know that the values offered in this store each year have been wonderful.

\$25.00 \$29.50 \$35.00 and 49.50

The reliable qualities of the materials represented in this admirable collection of newest SUIT and COAT STYLES merit the particular attention of every woman in Jacksonville who desires to possess a good SUIT or COAT at a moderate price.

Serial Window No. 3

This week we are going to make a complete showing of our line of gifts for the soldier, both "over there" and here in the camps.

Many very useful articles will be found in our stock that may easily be inclosed in your boxes along with other gifts you are sending across. We invite you to bring in your boxes and articles you want to send. We will weigh them for you.

Soldier Kits

to suit your fancy and purse. We have them fitted at \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$9.00.

Military Brushes Hair Brushes  
Shaving Brushes Tooth Brushes  
Shoe Brushes Money Belts  
Tooth Brush Holders  
Soap Boxes Air Pillows  
Razors Safety Razors  
Strops Razor Blades  
Folding Wash Basins  
Tobacco Pouch and Pipe  
SEE OUR BALCONY FLOOR—IT'S "FULL" OF GIFTS!

Writing Pads Note Books.  
Trench Mirrors Match Boxes  
Playing Cards and Games  
Folding Leather Picture Frames  
Send your's or family pictures.  
Fine Leather Purses and Bill Books  
Cigars and Cigarettes.  
Cigar and Cigarette Cases.  
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Read the Journal, 12c a Week